THE MORNING STAR.
Oldest Daily Newspaper in the State.
Largest Circula[illegible] any Wilmington Paper.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Mornin[illegible]tar.

OUTLINES.

France regards Venezuelas' treatment of the French representative as an act of war, and war ships are now on the Venezuelan coast to demand an apology from President Castro; if it is not given, it is evident that France will begin hostilities; Castro is also insolent to the American representative at Caracas and the Washington government is breathing threatenings against him.——In a collision on the Seaboard Air Line eight miles from Atlanta last night, two men were killoutright, one was fatally scalded and another is missing——A proposed constitutional amendment to the Mississippi constitution provides that the children of those who do not pay poll-tax will be barred from the public schools, which measure will practically bar the education of negro children——Secretary Wilson regards the report of the Keep Commission as a lot of buncombe, recommendations being made which long ago originated with and have been put into effect by the Department of Agriculture——Richmond yesterday celebrated the birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee and his grandson, Col. Robert E. Lee, was orator of the day——In New York yesterday three cars of an elevated train plunged headlong thirty feet, one car being split from end to end, resulting in the killing of one man and the serious injury of others——The National Ginners' Association reports from January 1st to 15th, 176,496 bales of cotton have been ginned and there remain to be ginned 136,762 bales——At Darlington, S. C., yesterday the remains of R.Keith Dargan, who committed suicide, were exhumed and identified to set at rest the sensational rumors that he was not dead, but had gone to Europe.——New York markets: Money on call, 4 to 4 1-2 per cent., ruling rate 4 1-4, closing bid 4, offered at 4 1-4; spot cotton quiet at 12.25; flour steady; wheat weak, No. 2 red 90 1-8 elevator; corn steady, No. 2 new, 56 elevator; oats steady, mixed 36 1-2 to 37; turpentine steady at 67 1-2 to 68 1-2; rosin steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 19, 1906.

Meterological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., Friday, Jan. 19th.

Temperature at 8 A. M., 51 degrees; 8 P. M., 47 degrees; Maximum, 62 degrees; Minimum, 47 degrees; mean, 54 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .09; rainfall since 1st of month to date, .92.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., Thursday, 8.5 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Rain and warmer Saturday; Sunday clearing, warmer in east portions; fresh southeast winds.

PORT ALMANAC—Jan. 20.

Sun Rises ..... 7:08 A. M.
Sun Sets ..... 5:15 P. M.
Day's Length ..... 10 hrs. 1 min.
High Water at Southport.. 4:21 P. M.
High Water at Wilmington. 6:51 P. M.

Senator Tillman never did like Presidents, anyhow.

It is said that Miss Alice Roosevelt is saving scraps of her wedding clothes. Let us hope these are the only scraps she will have during her married life.

Poultney Bigelow, the magazine writer, is willing to go to jail for the notoriety which his article in The Independent gave him as a Panama canal knocker.

It is no news now that Norfolk has taken in Berkeley, a suburban town of 10,000 inhabitants. We hope, however, it is no sign of what Norfolk will do to us when we take in the Jamestown Exposition.

It is stated that James K. Polk, a great-great-grandson of President Polk, belongs to the champion whist club of Washington. There is nothing like sustaining the reputation of our eminent ancestors.

Says the Raleigh Times: "France is becoming more democratic. The grandson of a blacksmith has been elected President." Some people are prepared to believe that our President is a "blacksmith."

Senator LaFollette, the new one from Wisconsin sworn in recently, has been made chairman of the Committee on the Potomac River Front. He should be notified that this doesn't give him "going in washing" privileges.

The Star building is located on the same block with five of the seven banks of Wilmington. But our subscribers need not suppose that this makes it easy for us to replenish our exchequer. It is a case of "so near and still so far." Please remit.

Talking about your intensive farming, the Lumber Bridge corespondent of the Lumberton Robesonian writes that paper that Mr. N. Shaw who has a farm at Lumber Bridge made 12 bales of cotton on six acres of land the past season. His fertilizer cost him $15, and Mr. Shaw attributes the yield to skillful cultivation, due to the hoeing and plowing.

Says the Washington Post: "Former Gov. Douglas, of Massachusetts, says the shoe manufacturers can stand a reduction of the tariff. Some one should send Mr. Douglas a copy of Representative Dalzell's speech, in which he proves that the foreigner pays the tax." Also should go with it the record of the House on Tuesday when it sat down on Representative Pou's proposition to lop off the tariff from American manufactures that are sold cheaper abroad than they are at home.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The Baptist steamer Usher after completing discharge of cargo here cleared yesterday, light, for Newport News.

—Rev. M. C. Walton, of Burgaw, will preach at Castle Haynes Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

—Elder Isaac Jones, of Pender county, will preach in the Primitive Baptist church, on Castle street, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

—The schooner Alice J. Crabtree was cleared yesterday for Fajardo with cargo of 287,000 feet of lumber, consigned by the Kidder Lumber Company; vessel by C. D. Maffitt.

—It is announced that Mr. F. T. Mills has purchased the old Wood place on Second street, between Chestnut and Princess streets. The consideration it is understood was $3,000.

—Two unimportant cases were disposed of in the police court yesterday, the offences having been drunkenness. One of the defendants was let off with the costs and the other was taxed $5 including costs.

—The public is reminded that tomorrow will be "Charity Sunday." It is hoped that as far as possible collections will be taken in the churches, to assist in carry on the work of the Associated Charities.

—Cotton receipts the past week were 3,484 bales against 3,084 same week last year. The receipts of all naval stores for the week showed a gain except spirits, the falling off in that item having been about 100 casks.

—The Baraca Bible Class of the Second Advent church was delightfully entertained last night at the home of Mr. R. P. McClammy. A large number of members of the class were present and all enjoyed the evening to its fullest extent.

—The annual meeting of Cape Fear Chapter, U. D. C., will be held this afternoon at 3:30 in the W. L. I. Armory. A large attendance is urged as dues are collected at this meeting. George Davis Children's Chapter will meet on Monday, 22nd, at the W. L. I. Armory at 4 o'clock.

—Fayetteville Observer: "It is reported that the residence of Mrs. M. J. Pemberton on Hay street has been bought by Mr. J. A. Mills, the president, for the Raleigh and Southport R. R., and that the passenger station will be built on the lot. It is also reported that the shops of the Raleigh and Southport R. R. will be built on the tract of 13 acres of the old 'Curtis's field,' recently bought from Mr. C .B. McMillan."

WRECK ON COAST LINE.

Freight Cars Piled Up on Track—Trains Via Wilmington.

Yesterday afternoon's Fayetteville Observer has the following:

"Last night about 8 o'clock, 2 miles north of Benson, on the Atlantic Coast Line R. R., a wreck of the extra freight train No. 338 occurred, caused by the breaking of an arch bar on a coal car, by which five coal and three refrigerator cars were derailed.

"The cars were very badly torn up and piled in splinters on the track. A southbound passenger, who got out of his train and surveyed the wreck, declared at the Hotel LaFayette this morning that one had to see such utter demolition—it could not be described.

"The northbound mail and express No. 82, the southbound No. 85, and the 'Florida Special" went around by Wilmington.

"The Fayetteville and Sumter 'shoo-fly' due here at 9:45 o'clock, carried No. 82's passengers up to the wreck, to be sent to Wilson by No. 31, and brought the passengers of the Fayetteville and Richmond 'shoo-fly,' due here at 11 o'clock, to the city. No Northern mail came in last night.

"The tracks were cleared at 1 o'clock this afternoon, the first train to pass being the northbound passenger No. 80."

COTTON GROWERS MEET.

Executive Committee In Session Yesterday at Raleigh—Acreage.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 19.—At a special meeting of the executive committee of the North Carolina division of the Southern Cotton Growers Association this afternoon the official report was made that they now have in hand $5,000 for the work of organizing the various cotton growing counties, it having been raised through personal efforts of President C. C. Moore and Chairman H. C. Dockery in various North Carolina towns and Norfolk, Richmond, and other places. On the strength of this, the committee decided to pay President Moore $125 per month and expenses, he to devote his time to the work of organizing counties and directing the affairs of the Association generally. There will also be four organizers put in the field to assist him with a view to having every cotton county visited and organized during early Spring. Official headquarters of the State Association will be established in Raleigh with a secretary, devoting all his time to the work in charge. One of the special aims will be to keep down the acreage to 1905 record.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE.

Chairman Bailey to Call State Convention—General Assembly.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 19.—Chairman J. W. Bailey, of the North Carolina, Anti-Saloon League, announces that he will at an early date issue an official call for a State Convention of the League to assemble in Raleigh some time in February to formulate a policy for 1906 and adopt plans and methods of work. He proposes that the League shall take a hand in the election of members of the General Assembly to be elected next Fall.

—Miss Maude Lee Vaughn, of Raleigh, is spending a few days in the city, a guest at the home of her father.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. Cooper—Best Kainit.
Warren & Davis—Fresh Cakes.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Clearance Sale.
People's Supply Co.—No Chromos; No Bait.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

D. M. Williams—Lost.
W. J. Joyner—Truck Farm.
S. F. Craig—Chicken Dinner.
Academy of Music—Matinee.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE

Party from State Board of Agriculture Conducted Most Profitable Meeting

MORNING AND AFTERNOON

Dr. Butler, Dr. Porter and Prof. Reimer Told of Most Up-to-date and Best Methods—Local Committee Is Appointed Here.

New Hanover truckers are apparently too busy growing lettuce and shipping vegetables to attend farmers' institutes. At least, one would judge as much from the rather slim attendance upon the institute held in the Court House here yesterday. The fact is rather to be deplored than otherwise. The meeting was interesting and instructive; the speakers were men of authority upon the subjects discussed and a wealth of valuable hints and suggestions as to the best and most up-to-date methods of agriculture were given.

The institute party came under the auspices of the State Board of Agriculture and was under the direction of Dr. Tait Butler, State Veterinarian. The morning session opened at 11 o'clock. About 75 of the leading truck growers of the county were present and manifested a deep interest in the proceedings.

At the morning session the speakers were Dr. Tait Butler, who talked on the subject of "How Shall We Use Our Corn Stover and Cotton Seed to Get the Most Out of them," and Dr. E. Porter, of Rocky Point, whose subject was, "The Preparation and Fertilization of Land for Truck Crops." Each address called for informal discussions on several of the points brought out by the speakers.

Just before the morning session adjourned, a committee was appointed from the farmers of this section to arrange for the next institute to be held in this county. Those named on the committee were Messrs. G. W. Trask, chairman; Owen Martindale, J. B. Humphrey, A. J. Hewlett and William Gregersen.

The afternoon session began at 2 o'clock with about half the attendance of the morning session. Prof. Reimer spoke on the "Home Mixing of Fertilizers for Truck Crops." During his speech there were several interruptions, those attending asking information on certain points. There were also several discussions.

Dr. W. J. McLendon, of Anson county, who was to have made an address on the subject of soil improvement, is ill at his home and was unable to attend.

The institute party will leave this morning for Elizabethtown, Bladen county, to hold an institute there. Monday they go to Whiteville. It was a pleasure for Wilmington to have these gentlemen here and it is regretted that a larger number of farmers were not here to meet them. It is the purpose of the Agricultural Board to hold one of these institutes here each year and the local committee appointed yesterday is to awaken interest in these meetings. Next year the attendance will be much larger and the interest far greater.

PERUCHI-GYPZENE CO.

Matinee and Night Performance Concludes Engagement To-day.

Another successful engagement will be brought to a close to-night at the Academy by the Peruchi-Gypzene Company. The matinee will be of especial interest this afternoon, as the bill will be "Humpty Dumpty Doodle" and the price will be 10 and 20 cents.

The play to-night will be "The Men of Jimtown" and it will be a big scenic production. One scene will show the interior of a saw mill, with machinery in motion, and another will show a train running at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The company claims this as its feature bill and reserves it for the last, so as to draw if possible, a large audience on Saturday night, which is generally a very inopportune time for the theatre.

THE ADELBERT AMES.

Water Logged Schooner Is Beached Down the River.

The schooner General Adelbert Ames, which had such a trying experience on the Cape Fear bar Thursday, has been beached on Big Island, nine miles down the river, it having been impossible to get her to Wilmington the night after her wreck. She has about 8 feet of water in her hold and until she is pumped out and temporary repairs are made, it will be impossible to get her to the city, and on the ways. Messrs. Pendleton Bros., the owners, have telegraphed their local agent, C. D. Maffitt, that a member of the firm will be here Sunday to decide what disposition to make of the vessel and cargo.

Funeral of Mrs. McKeithan.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Sophie J. McKeitan was conducted at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon from the family residence, No. 413 Wooster street, Rev. W. H. Davis, pastor of Southside Baptist church, and Elder I. W. King officiating. Many friends of the good woman, including members of New Hanover Council, Daughters of Liberty, were present to pay a last, sad mark of respect to one whom they loved and esteemed. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery, the pall-bears having been: Honorary—Messrs. R. B. Moore and John F. Litleton; Active—Messrs. J. W. Harper, J. J. Hawes, J. H. Holton, E. S. Shipp, Jesse Farrow and John Thomas.

Rural Route Directory.

Mr. J. K. Waterman, representing the Directories Publishing Corporation, of Norfolk, Va., is in the city. His purpose is to canvass for a directory gotten up on a new plan. It is a directory giving the names and postoffice addresses of all persons on the R. F. D. routes in the territory commercially tributary to Wilmington. The book will contain several thousand names.

Funeral of Mr. Shepard.

The funeral of the late Hosea Shepard will be conducted from his late residence on the Sound at 1 o'clock this afternoon, Elder Jones, of the Primitive Baptist church officiating. From the residence the remains will be taken to Prospect church and interred in the burying ground there.

EXERCISES AT THE SCHOOLS

Students Do Honor to Memory of South's Peerless Leader, General Robert E. Lee—Programmes.

The public schols of Wilmington, or nearly all of them, appropriately observed the birthday of General Robert E. Lee yesterday. All exercises were suspended at noon so that as many of the pupils as desired to do so might attend the exercises in the Academy of Music.

At the High School there were no formal exercises, but the principal, Mr. Hamilton, made a brief address to the students on the life and character of the immortal leader and spoke of the interesting exercises that all would have an opportunity of attending in the Academy of Music.

At the Union School at 9 o'clock the following interesting exercises were observed:

"Life of Lee"—By Fourth Grade Pupils.
"Dixie"—Singing by the School.
"Lee's Love for Children," (recitation)—by Six Pupils.
"Anecdotes of Lee" (recitation)—By Williard Cantwell.
"I'se Gwine Back to Dixie"—Singing by the School.
"Sword of Lee," (recitation)—By Charles Cowan.
"Give Me the Sunny South"—Singing by Eighth Grade Girls.

The exercises at Hemenway were especially pretty. The programme was as follows:

"The Bonnie Blue Flag"—Class.
"How Lee Did His Duty"—Havener Barnes.
"My Old Kentucky Home"—Song by Class.
"Sword of Lee," (recitation)—Stone Pulliam.
"Massa's in the Cold, Cold Ground," Song by Class.
"All Quiet Along the Potomac"—Class.
"I'se Gwine Back to Dixie"—Song by Class.
"How Jackson Got His Name"—Jim Holmes.
"Stonewall's Way," (recitation)—Louie Pleasant.
"The Conquered Banner"—Margaret Pleasants, Emma Hazel King, Annie Banks, Ruby Biggs and Louise Mitchell.
"Bivouac of the Dead"—Class.
"Dixie"—Song by Class.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. S. Burton, of Tar Landing, Onslow county, was here yesterday.

—Mr. Wm. Sloan, postmaster at Garland, was a welcome visitor at the Star office last evening.

—Mr. F. A. Wood, and daughter, of Camden Crossing, S. C., are in the city for a few days, the guests of relatives.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Dixon, of Dixon, N. C., are spending a few days most pleasantly in the city with relatives.

—Editor J. E. Dupree, of the Whiteville News, was here yesterday and was a very pleasant caller at the Star office.

—Editor Peterson, of the Lumberton Argus, was a Star visitor yesterday. He keeps his "hundred eyes' wide open and gets "all the news that's fit to print." The Star is glad to hear that the Argus is doing well.

—Lumberton Argus: "Mr. R. McA. Nixon, formerly with the Murchison National Bank, Wilmington, arrived Tuesday evening to assume charge of the position of book-keeper for the First National Bank of Lumberton. Mr. Nixon has a reputation as an excellent accountant."

—Maxton Scottish Chief: "Mr. Matt J. Heyer, president of The Southern National Bank and the Atlantic Trust & Banking Co., of Wilmington, two of the strongest financial institutions of that city, spent a portion of this week in Maxton. He is here prospecting, and we understand with a view of taking stock, in the proposed new bank."

SENSATION IN WAKE COURT.

Startling Developments in Lilliston and Clark Murder Case.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 19.—Sensational developments came to-day in Wake county Superior Court in the case of the State against Lilliston, the fair fakir, for killing Charles G. Smith, and sentenced to fourteen years. Attorneys Argo and Shaffer have what they claim to be positive evidence of three witnesses not before adduced, and only to-day discovered, that they positively committed the deed in the station here. One witness avows that he saw the flash and saw smoke while in the ladies' waiting room. This corrobates the claim that Clark and Lillliston were both shooting, as acknowledged. The witness says that eight shots were fired, and so said the night watchman after the shooting.

The Payton Sisters Coming.

The simple fact that "The Man Outside" has been selected from the long list of successful plays at the command of the Payton Sisters Company as their opening bill is sufficient guarantee it is a good one and it will no doubt draw a crowded house to the Academy Monday night. A fine line of specialties will be seen between acts. Folowing is a list of plays they will put on during the week: "The Man Outside," "In the Powers of Love," "An Innocent Sinner," "The Fatal Rose of Red," "The Mysterious Mr. Raffles," "Human Spiders," "Prince and Pauper," and "Parsifal," in dramatic form arranged especially for this company, for which they carry an elaborate outfit of costumes and accessories.

New Bank for Maxton.

The Scottish Chief is authorized to say that Maxton is soon to have a new bank. The matter has been under consideration for several days, and the Chief understands that it has developed into a certainty. About $20,000 has already been subscribed by many leading and influential citizens, and the supposition is that it will be a State bank. They expect to organize and begin business at an early date.

New Quarantine Surgeon.

Dr. E. K. Sprague, wife and two children arrived yesterday from New York and went down on the steamer Sea Gate in the afternoon to Southport which will be their home in the future. Dr. Sprague has been assigned to the Cape Fear Quarantine Station, succeeding Dr. M. C. Guthrie, who has been ordered to the Immigration Station in New York.

THE IMMORTAL LEE

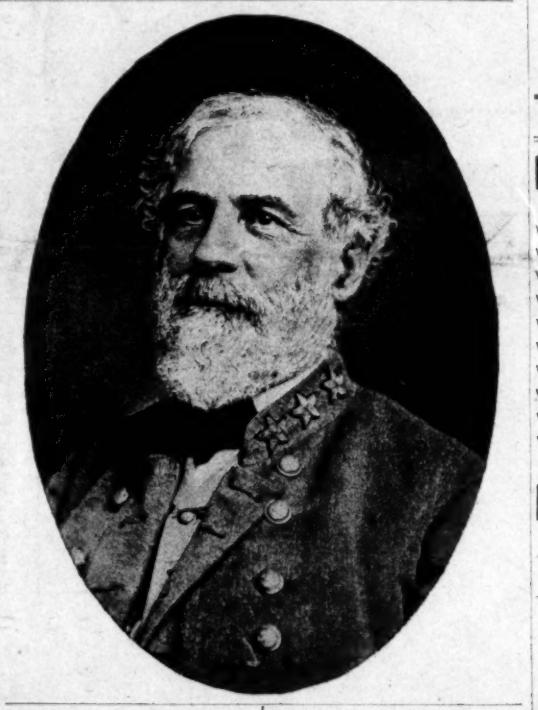
Birthday of South's Peerless Chieftain Fittingly Celebrated In Wilmington Yesterday

ADDRESS BY BISHOP STRANGE

Exercises in Academy of Music Were Pretty and Appropriate—Lunch to Veterans and Military in City Hall—The Procession.

The birthday of the immortal General Robert E. Lee was most fittingly observed in Wilmington yesterday. Many offices and places of business were closed for at least a part of the day and an unusually large crowd joined in the exercises under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy and the allied Confederate organizations of the city in the afternoon.

The exercises were carried out exactly according to the programme previously published. The procession of veterans and military in charge of Capt. James I Metts, chief marshal, was one of the most creditable of its kind seen in Wilmington in recent years. The observance in the Academy of Music whither the procession moved after a detour of the principal streets of the city, was most beautiful. The stage presented a forest scene, the decorations, kindly made by Mr. Will Rehder without charge, blending with the environment most perfectly. Palms, smilax, bamboo and Confederate flags were used with beautiful effect. A large portrait of Lee, draped in Confederate colors, was the centre piece on the rear wall. Chief Marshal Metts was master of ceremonies, and seated upon the stage were Mrs. Martin S. Willard, president; Miss Hettie James, vice president; Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, recording secretary; Mrs. R. W. Hicks, coresponding secretary, Miss Mary Sanders, registrar, and Mrs. F. L. Huggins, all of Cape Fear Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy; Mrs. C. W. Cairnes, of the Maryland Chapter; the orator, the Rt. Rev. Robert Strange, Bishop of East Carolina; Rev. A. McCullen, chaplain of the Third Regiment, National Guard; Col. Jno. L. Cantwell, Col. Jno. D. Taylor, of Cape Fear Camp, U. C. V.; Messrs. O. A. Wiggins and Richard Mearec, of George Davis Camp, Sons of Confederate Veterans. Mr. Ed. Munson's Quartette, composed of himself as accompanist; Mr. W. G. W. Krafft, Mr. C. E. Vale, Mr. Greene Fenley and Mr. Alex. S. Holden, also occupied seats on the platform and sang with charming effect "Tenting To-night." Other music of a partiotic and highly pleasing character was furnished by Hollowbush's Orchestra.



The opening prayer by Rev. A. McCullen, was especially beautiful and appropriate to an occasion of the kind. The address by Bishop Strange was a masterly effort, a beautiful tribute to Gen. Lee and a brilliant defence of the Lost Cause. Bishop Strange was presented, not introduced—for he needs no introduction, it was explained—by Capt. Metts. The address was listened with great interest and the speaker's remarks were frequently interrupted by continued applause.

Bishop Strange's Address.

The address of the distinguished young prelate was as follows:

Friends, Fellow Citizens, Honored Veterans of our great Civil War:

At your bidding I stand before you feeling how unequal I am to speak worthily of the subject in our minds on this 19th. day of January, and yet grateful that you should call me to such a loving task. You say to me I seem to hear the words we do not send to some far-away stranger, renowned for his learning and his eloquence to paint for us some wondrous word picture. Lee and his labors, to tell us how others look on that life and work, but come we want you as one of us though your fame and abilities be humbler, to speak to us from our own standpoint, to voice for us our own thoughts, and to show us how the best and wisest of us think on this great theme. For ye know and I know that I am one with you in this great cause of ours, dead in one sense and yet in another ever living. My father and my uncles all were actors in the great scenes we commemorate, two of my mothers brothers gave their lives for their people in the wild embrace of furious war; and you are satisfied that I make no idle boast, when I say that had I been of age in those trying times I would have been found fighting by your sides with mus-Lee, we may quote General Scott, who declared of him before the war: "He is the very best soldier I ever saw in the field," or he may remind you that Lord Woolsey of the English Army and President Roosevelt of the United States have written that Lee is the grandest soldier produced by the Anglo-Saxon people. Such would be a fitting discussion by a soldier to soldiers. My work is different. I would ask you to think with me a little while this afternoon of General Lee as a peacemaker, and draw some lessons for our benefit from that side of his splendidly rounded character.

Strange it may seem to you at first that I should ask you to think of our great soldier as our great peacemaker, but yet I think it is true that Robert E. Lee has a right to claim the Master's promise: "Blessed are the Peacemakers for they shall be called the children of God." What is the ideal of the true soldier; the soldier who justifies to mankind the use for his profession? Not an Alexander or a Napoleon, rushing out beyond their own country to conquer other people, to add new territory to their sway. No. It is Cincinnattus, the Roman dictator, leaving the plow handle for the sword to drive away the invaders of his country, bringing back peace to his suffering people. It is a Judias Maccabeus, the Jewish hero, turning even away from his priestly office to lead the armies of his people against their oppressors, to restore prosperity to his bleeding country. War's only excuse, war's true reason for its use is that it is God's terrible instrument to break in pieces tyranny and wickedness, to wipe out the effete races with their enervating and degrading customs and to make things stand again on new, on truer, on more beautiful foundations; aye, to bring again higher and sweeter and more lasting peace.

Let us see how General Lee carried out this ideal. In the first place, he was opposed to the war when it threatened. He knew what war was and he counselled forbearance, moderation, anything with honor before resorting to its stern arbitrament. He declared by word and letter that it was not necessary to go to war in the matter of theoretic political rights, and when at last he did take up arms with his own people, at great sacrifice to himself it was to resist an army of invasion. To him then the war was the last dread resort, in order to secure honorable peace and he kept that fact ever in mind. One day when he was reconnoitering, the crowding hosts before him, one of the gen-

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

COAL!

Comfort and Economy are the chief characteristics of our product.

Don't take our word for it. Ask your neighbor. He will tell you. The price is right, and within reach of all. A trial will convince the most skeptical. Join the procession and burn our coal.

WM. E. WORTH & COMPANY,

'Phone 94. ja 19-tf.

HOW IS THIS FOR A LEADER?

Shirt Waists to Be Worn in June and July.

And Madras for Summer Wear On Sale Now.

At "The Little Store."

Agents for LaGRECQUE CORSETS and Peerless Patterns.

PLATT & HAAR.

ja10-tf

The gain in new building and industry in North Carolina is greater than at any period in the State's history.. The North Carolina Home Insurance Company, of Raleigh, N. C., should receive its proposition of this prosperity as compared with the percentage of new business given to it in periods of less industrial activity. Give it the insurange on the desirable new properties you have to offer. It will help to build up our home State and continue the great era of prosperity now enjoyed by our people.

WALKER TAYLOR, Agent., Wilmington, N. C.

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6,100 BAGS ARMOUR'S GUANO.
8,350 BAGS COOPER'S GUANO.
7,900 BAGS C. S. MEAL GUANO.
2,800 BAGS DURHAM GUANO.
7,920 BAGS MARTIN'S GUANO.

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W. B. COOPER,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
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PERUCHI-GYPZENE CO.
MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON.
That Great Big Comedy
"HUMPTY DUMPTY DOODLE"
10 and 20 Cents.
TO-NIGHT
A Big Scenic Production of
"THE MEN OF JIMTOWN."
10——20——30 cents.
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ACADEMY OF MUSIC!
Week Commencing Monday, January 22nd.
MATINEES — WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
PAYTON SISTERS BIG COMPANY
In Modern Repertoire.
Monday Night:
"THE MAN OUTSIDE."
Exceptionally Fine Vaudeville Between Acts.
NIGHT PRICES—10c—20—30.
MATINEE PRICES—10 and 20c.
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"Despatch is the soul of business—but there can be no despatch without method"—and want advertising will furnish the method needed in nine instances out of ten. **

A house well advertised is half-sold.

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STANDS FOR "BEST CIGAR MADE"
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Come let us reason together. We are in a position now to suit everybody in price and quality. Our suits are guaranteed to fit, styles the nobbiest; we also have a nice line of Shoes and Ladies' Goods.

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FIRE BRICK,
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WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE.
THORPE & APPLEGATE
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FRESH CAKES
To-Day.
Warren & Davis,
Phone 61.
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The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

Saturday Morning, Jan. 20.

CAUTION IN IMMIGRATION.

Mrs. Hellen M. Stoddard, in a recent address delivered before the W. C. T. U. convention at Dallas, Texas, spoke of the danger to our country of an influx of the undesirable class which some of the European countries would like to unload on America. Many of these people have no lofty ideals, no exalted sense of religious or civic life, are anarchistic by nature and long restraint under autocratic government, and have no conception of the American political system and are without the spirit of patriotism to make them good citizens. England, Scotland, Ireland, Germany and the Scandinavian countries send us some excellent people and these are the kind we want, but the low bidding of the steamship companies for the riff-raff of all countries has already alarmed the national government and will put our people to thinking. We had an article on that line yesterday, and in the North Carolina Christian Advocate, of Greensboro, which came to us yesterday, we find the following thoughtful and timely article on the subject:

"From the time that the first settlers entered North Carolina, to the present, the worthy immigrant has been given a warm welcome. Especially was the country fortunate in its first settlers composed largely of the Scotch-Irish, German and English. These brought some of the best blood of the Old World, and to-day we welcome such.

"On last Thursday, in the city of Greensboro, there was organized an Immigration Association with Mr. J. Van Lindley, as president, and Mr. C. D. Benbow, as secretary. Strong addresses were delivered and were received with much enthusiasm. Some of the best citizens of the State encouraged the movement, among them Gov. R. B. Glenn. The object of the organization is to encourage immigration to North Carolina. It was ascertained that 60,000 were wanted. These, it was thought, were needed to cultivate our land and manufacture our products; and to develop our natural resources.

"It will not be questioned that we have room for more people of the right kind; but in our zeal to build up the material wealth of our great State, it is possible to make a mistake that will require centuries to correct. All are gratified to see the material prosperity of North Carolina, and it is right to seek its advancement in all proper ways; but if we have to turn into our State a greater evil than poverty, then let us remain poor.

"It is not our purpose at present to write of the perils of immigration. It would be well for us to remember in our zeal for population, that if good citizens cannot be induced to come, it would be better for our fertile fields to grow up in weeds and our factories to be inhabited with bats and owls. We have the negro upon our hands already, and how he is to be brought out of his ignorance and superstition and developed into a strong and vigorous race is still one of the unsolved problems."

There was a good deal more of the Advocate editorial and it was to the point. Let us have immigrants but let us be guided by such warnings as our esteemed Greensboro contemporary gives us. Let us avoid a fulfillment of the prophesy of Macaulay who predicted that the Huns and Vandals would swarm to America and wreck the Western Republic. All this is by way of caution and not by any means to discourage the immigration movement.

THE SHIP SUBSIDY BILL.

The ship subsidy bill which is now being discussed in Congress proposes to pay to United States vessels fulfilling the conditions imposed by the bill, subventions as follows: "(a) the sum of $5 per gross registered ton for each vessel which has been engaged in the foreign trade by sea or the deep-sea fisheries for a period of twelve months, including time necessarily consumed in making annual or extraordinary repairs; (b) the sum of $4 per gross registered ton for each vessel which has been engaged in the foreign trade by sea or the deep-sea fisheries for a period of nine months or over, but less than twelve months, including time necessarily consumed in making extraordinary repairs; (c) the sum of $2.50 per gross registered ton for each vessel which has been engaged in the foreign trade by sea or the deep-sea fisheries for a period of six months or over, but less than nine months, including time necessarily consumed in making extraordinary repairs." Contracts with the vessel owners are to be renewed annually, and the subventions are to be paid annually. There is also a provision for new ocean mail contracts on terms which are liberal to vessel owners.

The bill also provides bounties for seamen serving on subsidized vessels. Senator Mallory in his speech in the Senate on Thursday argued that both subsidies and bounties are unconstitutional.

This Government does not now pay any subsidies, properly so-called, to vessel owners. There are various mail contracts under which the owners of ships are well compensated, but some actual service is rendered in every case.

Senator Tillman wouldn't take advice and had to take the consequences. Some people never did know when they had a good chance to flunk and save themselves from butting against a rock wall.

Mr. E. J. Ragdale yesterday began a campaign in Robeson county to urge upon cotton growers the necessity for holding their cotton for 15 cents per pound and a close adherence to all the recommendations of the Southern Cotton Association. He will deliver addresses in all parts of the county. Mr. Ragsdale is engaged in a good work and the farmers of Robeson should take heed of him.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—The Senate is trying to find how we got into Santo Domingo, but nobody seems to know just how we are going to get out.—Baltimore Sun.

—It is to be hoped that the Algeciras Conference will not reveal that the United States has formed a nickel-in-the-slot alliance with the Sultan of Morocco.—Baltimore Sun.

—To judge the attitude of the Standard Oil witnesses in the New York investigation, we shall no doubt presently hear a demand for the Government to be ruled for contempt in wanting to know too much.—Savannah News.

As a result of the State's efforts to induce European immigrants to come to North Carolina, it is learned that letters have been received from two citizens of Belgium who would like to find employment in office work. Requests from all parts of the State have been received for farm workers, but that class of foreigners does not seem to be interested in the inducements offered to come to our cotton fields and tobacco plantations.—Greensboro Tar Heel.

—It is commonly charged, and believed by many, that the very rich men of this country have no more real respect for law than the wildest bomb-throwing anarchist. Mr. Rogers has done what he can to spread this belief. So doing, far more than any agitator can do it, he places Samson hands on the pillars of the temple within which property rights are housed. When the fortunate of this world show small respect for the law, what can be expected of the unfortunate?—New York Globe.

—Mr. Tillman's attack on the President had its inspiration nearly four years ago. It is well remembered that on the occasion of his striking his colleague, Senator McLaurin, in the face with his fist during a speech of the latter on the floor of the Senate, he was held in contempt of the Senate, and President Roosevelt recalled an invitation that had been issued to him to a dinner at the White House. In view of the disgrace Tillman had brought on himself there was nothing else to do, but the South Carolina Senator took deep offense and has hated Mr. Roosevelt ever since and has time and again declared he would get even. His speech was an atttempt to fulfill that boast.—Philadelphia Press.

TWINKLINGS.

—The Doctor's Daughter—Papa, can you fix dolly? I operated on her, and all her utensils are coming out.—Life.

—Mrs. Naggers—Have you forgotten that this is our twenty-fifth anniversary? Naggers (wearily)—No I've not forgotten, but I've forgiven.—Exchange.

—"Is your daughter going to make her debut this season, Mrs. Parvenue?" "No indeed! Mme. Pakin attends to all that. We don't have to do our own sewing no more."—Baltimore American.

—"Your friend Sluvven seems to be much more careful about his dress these day," remarked Towne. "Yes," replied Browne, "his wife gave him a high silk hat at Christmas and he's trying to dress up to it."—Philadelphia Press.

—An old hen was pecking at some stray carpet tacks in the back yard. "Now, what do you suppose that fool hen is eating those tacks for?" said Homer. "Perhaps," repoined his better half, "she is going to lay a carpet."—Chicago News.

—"Well, I'll tell you the trouble with Sterling. I admit that he's a fairly good business man, but there's a pretty big element of luck in his success. He's insufferably conceited, too, and then it's merely his hypocrisy that—" "You seem to know him pretty well." "Oh, yes, we're great friends."—Philadelphia Press.

COMMERCIAL.

ARRIVED.

Str Johnson, Black, Clear Run, J. A. Munn.

Str. Tar Heel, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, S. M. King.

CLEARED.

Str. Johnson, Black, Clear Run, J. A. Munn.

Schr, Alice J. Crabtree, Crabtree, Fajardo, C. D. Maffitt.

Br. str. Usher, Perry, Newport News, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 19, 1906.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market nothing doing.

ROSINN—Firm, $3.55 bid.

TAR—Market firm at $1.80 per barrels of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at $2.80 per barrel for hard, $4.50 per barrel for dip and $4.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin, nothing doing; tar firm, at $1.60; crude turpentine, firm at $2.30 and $3.70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	17
Rosin	336
Tar	97
Crude	51

Same day last year—13 casks spirits turpeentine, 68 barrels rosin, 77 barrels tar, 14 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year, nominal.

Receipts, 976 bales; same day last year, 72 bales.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

(Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina, Prime, 84c.; extra prime, 90c.; fancy 95c., per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime. 55c.; extra prime, 60c.; fancy, 65c.; Spanish 85@90c.

CORN—Firm; 62 1-2@65c. per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady, hams, 15 to 16c. per pound; shoulders, 11 to 12; sides dull, 11 to 12.

EGGS—Firm, 23 to 24 per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull, Springs, 15c. to 25c.; Grown, 30 to 35.

BEESWAX—Firm, at 26@27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2@5c. per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50c @55c. per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2 to 3 1-2c. pound.

TURKEYS—Firm, 15c for live; dressed, 18 to 20c.

HIDES—Dry salted, 12c.; green, 8c per pound.

PORK—Firm, 9 to 10; hams, 11 to 12 1-2c.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 19.—The cotton market was moderately active, sales for the day being estimated at 550,000 bales, but fluctuations were narrow and irregular, with the close barely steady at a net decline of one to sixteen points. The opening was steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 3 points, a better response to higher cables being prevented by heavy realizing and Wall street selling, which, continuing after the call, soon sent prices off to a net decline of about four points with March selling at 11.77. Around this level, offerings were less pressing and the market during the middle session rallied on covering and moderate bull support, but as prices worked up to 11.85 for March and 11.93 for May offerings again increased, partly for Southern account, and the market toward the close was unsettled by bearish rumors concerning the possible showing of the National Ginners' report, expected tomorrow, and selling by New Orleans. The close was at practically the low point of the session.

Receipts at the ports today were 25,235 bales, against 27,039 last week and 27,297 last year. For the week (estimated) 135,000 bales, against 161,874 last week, and 125,917 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 3,662 bales, against 8,902 last year, and at Houston 3,560 bales against 3,837 last year.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands, 12.25; middling gulf, 12.50; sales 1,009 bales.

Futures opened barely steady; January 11.65; March, 11.85; April, 11.88; May, 11.92; July, 11.97; August, 11.76; September, 11.05 bid; October, 10.91.

Futures closed barely steady. Closing bids: January, 11.56; February, 11.62; March, 11.75; April, 11.80; May, 11.86; June, 11.87; July, 11.92; August, 11.71; September, 11.03; October, 10.90.

Port Movement.

Galveston—Steady, 11 3-4c.; net receipts, 8,130 bales.

New Orleans—Firm, 11 3-4c.; net receipts, 3,662 bales.

Mobile—Steady, 11 9-16c.; net receipts, 717 bales.

Savannah—Holiday; net receipts, 1,970 bales.

Charleston—Firm, 11 1-4c.; net receipts, 705 bales.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 976 bales.

Norfolk—Holiday; net receipts, 655 bales.

Baltimore—Nominal, 11 7-8c.; net receipts, 1,509 bales.

New York—Quiet, 12.25.

Boston—Quiet, 12.25; net receipts, 226 bales.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.50; net receipts, 100 bales.

Brunswick — Net receipts, 2,489 bales.

Newport News—Net receipts, 184 bales.

Port Arthur and Sabine Pass—Net receipts, 3,428 bales.

Miscellaneous—Net receipts, 484 bales.

Total to-day, at all ports—Net, 25,235 bales. Exports: Great Britain, 11,037 bales; Continent, 3,956 bales; Stock, 931,828 bales.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 136,842 bales. Exports: Great Britain, 74,273 bales; France, 9,289 bales; Continent, 76,648 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all ports—Net, 5,495,778 bales; Exports: Great Britain, 1,823,245 bales; France, 531,400 bales; Continent, 1,510,492 bales; Japan, 38,309 bales; Mexico, 1,164 bales.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Quiet, 11 5-8c.; net receipts, 3,560 bales.

Augusta—Steady, 11 7-8c.; net receipts, 519 bales.

Memphis—Steady, 11 3-4c.; net receipts, 2,354 bales.

St. Louis—Firm, 11 13-16c.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,583 bales

Louisville—Firm, 12c.; net receipts, 35 bales.

Cotton Receiptr.

New York, Jan. 19, 1906.

The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st:

Galveston, 1,838,672; New Orleans, 974,244; Mobile, 182,048; Savannah, 1,121,522; Charleston, 146,402; Wilmington, 277,382; Norfolk, 489,362; Baltimore, 41,201; New York, 61,939; Boston, 47,558; Newport News, 9,695; Philadelphia, 3,567; San Francisco, 16 289; Brunswick, 121,606; Port Townsend, 17,199; Pensacola, 102,911; Portland, Ore., 576; Port Arthur and Sabine Pass, 73,830; Jacksonville, 11,624; Eagle Pass, Texas, 2,549; El Paso, Texas, 150; Laredo, Texas, 4,049; Minor ports, 10,402. Total, 5,495,778 bales.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, Jan. 19, 1906.

For the week ending Friday, Jan. 19th.:

Net receipts at all U. S. ports during week, 136,842; net receipts at all U. S. ports same week last year, 122,986. Total receipts since September 1st., 5,495,778; total receipts to same date last year, 6,390,381. Exports for the week, 160,210; exports for same week last year, 184,610. Total exports since September 1st., 3,904,610; total exports same date last year, 4,833,129. Stock at all U. S. ports, 931,826; stock at all U. S. ports same time last year, 863,016. Stock at all interior towns, 717,001; stock at all interior towns same time last year, 677,052. Stock at Liverpool same time last year, 938,000. Stock of Am. afloat for Great Britain same time last year, 258,000 bales.

Weekly Movement.

New York, Jan. 19, 1906.

The following statistics on the movement of cotton for the week ending Friday, Jan. 19th. were compiled by the New York Cotton Exchange:

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	135,830	125,917
Overland to Mill and Canada	32,390	16,731
Southern mill takings (estimated)	59,000	59,000
Loss of stock at Interior towns	4,502	36,557
Brought into sight for the week	222,718	165,096
Total Crop Movement.		
Port Receipts	5,500,843	6,408,717
Overland to mills and Canada	479,055	590,480
Southern mill takings (estimated)	1,094,000	1,089,00
Stock at interior towns in Excess of Sept. 1st	535,573	586,219
Brought into sight thus far for season	7,609,471	8,674,416

Liverpool Cotton Market.

Liverpool, Jan. 19.—Cotton—Spot good business done; prices 9 points higher; American middling fair, 6.82d; good middling, 6.48d.; middling, 6.30d; low middling, 6.14d.; good ordinary, 5.96d.; ordinary, 5.80d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 were speculation and export and included 8,700 American. Receipts 25,000 bales, including 24,300 American. Futres opened firm and closed steady; American middling G. O. C: January, 6.20d.; January and February, 6.30d.; February and March, 6.21d.; March and April, 6.21d.; April and May, 6.26d.; May and June, 6.28d.; June and July, 6.29d.; July and August, 6.30d; August, 6.30d.; August and September, 6.23d.; September and October, 5.95d.; October and November, 5.88d.; November and December, 5.89d.

VICTIM OF LIQUOR

SNATCHED FROM GRAVE

Was Cured at Greensobor Keeley institute—Now Happy, Feels Better, and Mind Clear.

The Keeley Institute, Greensboro, N. C.:

I left your Institute on December 15, 1903, a sound man, cured of the whiskey habit, and never had any desire ford drink since. I advise any one afflicted as I was to make no delay in taking the Keeley Treatment at Greensboro. I was treated most kindly by the manager, the doctor, and the atendants while there.

Before I had taken your treatment I had become such a slave to strong drink that I would spend the last dollar I had for it, regardless of the support of myself and family. I tried time and again for several years to cure myself of the habit, but had gone so far that I failed in every effort. Had I gone on a short time longer I am sure I would have been in my grave to-day. I have had, and my family with me, more satisfaction in the last twelve months than in twelve years before, for I would go only a few days at a time without drinking and was not actually sober in that time, and now my health is good and my mind clear. I feel better and happier in every way. I would advise any poor fellow, cursed with the liquor habit as I was, not to depend on his own weak resolutions, as I did for so many years, for I know by experience that such resolutions are worthless. Go to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro now, and be cured of the most dreadful disease that man was ever afflicted with.

Spray, N. C., Sept. 20, 1904.

OSCAR RIDDLE.

Send names and addresses of those who may be benefitted to the Keeley Institute, Greensboro, N. C.

NEW YORK FINANCIAL

New York, Jan. 19.—Money on call today, 4@4 1-2 per cent.; ruling rate, 4 1-4; closing 4; offered at 4 1-4. Time money steady; sixty days, 90 days and six months, 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5 1-2. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at 486.95@487 for demand and at 483.55@483.60 for sixty day bills. Posted rates, 483 1-2@484 and 487@487 1-2. Commercial bills, 483 1-4. Bar silver, 65 5-8. Mexican dollars, 50 1-2.

N. Y. Bonds.

U. S. refunding, 2s reg	103 1-8
U. S. refunding, 2s cou	103 1-8
U. S. 3s reg	102 1-4
U. S. 3s cou	103
U. S. old, 4s reg	103
U. S. old, 4s. cou	103
U. S. New 4s reg.	129 1-4
U. S. New 4s cou	131 1-4
American obacco, 4s cert	82
American Tobacco, 5s cert	115 3-8
Atlantic Coast Line, 5s	102
Baltimore & Ohio	104 1-2
L. & N. Unified, 4s ex. in	103 7-8
Seaboard Air Line	90
Southern Railway, 5s	118 1-2
U. S. Steel, 2d 5s	99 3-8

Closing Stock List.

Amalgamated Copper	114
American Sugar Refining	150 3-4
American Tobacco, pfd. cert.	105 3-4
Atlantic Coast Line	166 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio	116 3-8
Baltimore & Ohio, pfd	98 1-2
Chesapeake & Ohio	60 7-8
Louisville & Nashville	156
Manhattan L.	159 3-4
New York Central	155 1-4
Norfolk & Western	88 5-8
Norfolk & Western, pfd	93
People's Gas	100 7-8
Reading	154 1-4
Reading, 1st pfd	95 1-4
Reading, 2nd pfd.	100 1-2
Southern Pacific	70
Southern Pacific, pfd	118 5-8
Southern Railway	39 3-8
Southern Railway, pfd	102
Tenn., Coal & Iron	160
U. S. Steel	45 3-4
U. S. Steel, pfd	111 1-4
Va.-Car. Chemical	52 3-4
Va.-Car. Chemical	114 1-2
S. A. L., com	——
S. A. L. pfd	——
Standard Oil	——
Western Union	93 1-4

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Heavy profit taking caused a weak closing today in the wheat market here, closing quotations on the May delivery being off 3-4@7-8. Corn and oats were practically unchanged. Provisions were unchanged to 5c lower.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open	High	Low	Close.
Wheat, No. 2.—				
May	88⅛	88¼	87⅜	87½
July	85¼	85⅜	84⅞	84⅞
Corn, No. 2.—				
Jan.	....	....	....	41⅜
May	45½	45½	45½	45⅝
July	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
Oats, No. 2.—				
Jan.	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
May	32	32¼	32	32⅛
July	30¾	30⅞	30⅝	30¾
Mess Pork, per bbl.—				
Jan.	....	....	....	13.80
May	14.17½	14.22½	14.15	14.17½
Lard, per 100 lbs.—				
Jan.	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
May	7.65	7.67½	7.62½	7.67½
July	7.77½	7.80	7.77½	7.80
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—				
Jan.	....	....	....	7.47½
May	7.62½	7.62½	7.57½	7.60
July	7.70	7.75	7.70	7.72½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour, dull; No 2 spring wheat, 84@86 1-2; No. 3 spring wheat,84@85; No. 2 red, 87 3-8@88 1-4; No. 2 corn, 42 3-4; No. 2 yellow, 43; No. 2 oats, 31 1-2; No. 2 white, 32 3-4@33; No. 3 white, 31 1-4@32; No. 2 rye, 65 1-2; Mess pork, per bbl., 13.77 1-2@13.80; Lard, per 100 lbs., 7.50; Short ribs sides (loose), 7.32 1-2@7.42 1-2; Short clear sides (boxed), 7.60@7.70; Whiskey, basis of high wines, 1.29.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET

New York, Jan. 19.—Flour steady.

RYE FLOUR—Steady.

BUCKWHEAT—Flour dull.

BUCKWHEAT—Dull.

CORN MEAL—Steady.

RYE—Nominal.

BARLEY—Quiet.

WHEAT—Weak; No. 2 red, 90 1-8 elevator. Options showed 5-8 to 1c net decline. May, 91 5-8; July, 89 7-8.

CORN—Steady; No. 2, 56 new elevator. Options net unchanged; January, 55; May, 51 1-4; July, 51 1-2.

OATS—Steady; mixed, 36 1-2@37.

BEEF—Steady.

CUT MEATS—Quiet.

LARD—Steady; refined steady.

PORK—Steady.

TALLOW—Steady.

RICE—Quiet.

MOLASSES—Firm.

COFFEESpot Rio steady; mild steady. Futures closed firm at a net advance of 5@10 points.

SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3 3-8; centrifugal, 3 5-8; Molasses sugar, 2 7-8; refined quiet.

BUTTER—Quiet, unchanged.

CHEESE—Firm, unchanged.

EGGS—Easy; nearby selected, 26@27; western firsts, 20; Southern, 17@20.

FREIGHTS—Steady, unchanged.

PEANUTS—Steady, unchanged.

CABBAGES—Steady, unchanged.

PEANUTS—Quiet, unchanged.

COTTON SEED OIL—Easy under heavy offerings and weakness of crude. Prime crude f. o. b. mills, 25 to 26; prime summer yellow, 32 1-2@32 3-4; prime white, 34@34 1-2; prime winter yellow, 34@34 1-4.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Jan. 19.—Turpentine steady at 67 1-2 to 68 1-2; rosin steady.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 19.—Holiday, no markets.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 19.—Turpentine and rosin nothing doing.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 19.—The dry goods market today was in good condition with an increasing number of buyers present and their operations of large compass.

Fall River, Mass., Jan. 19.—The weekly sales in the print cloth market are estimated from 125,000 to 150,000 pieces. Trading during the week has been fairly active. Some orders were taken during the week for goods to be delivered in July. A slight shading of prices were made on these goods but the general quotation for regulars remains unchanged at 3 3-4

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Free from harmful drugs. Cure coughs and hoarseness. Prevent sore throat.

Now Is Beef Tea Time!

For all cooking purposes, as well as for Beef Tea, it is economical and a great convenience to have a jar of

Armour's Extract of Beef

in the house. It gives that rich beefy flavor to soups, sauces and re-cooked meats.

The flavor of meat is mostly in its juice, so when the juice is cooked out, some kind of seasoning is necessary to make it palatable when served a second time. Armour's Extract of Beef restores the delicious flavor to meats when warmed over.

Armour's Extract of Beef is the real essence of prime beef. It is always ready for use and will keep in any climate.

For sale by all druggists and grocers.

MARINE

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port of Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Duart (Br) 2,008 tons, Dalziel, Heide & Co.

Ribera (Br), 2,252 tons, Hurford, Heide & Co.

Holmlea (Br.), 1,143 tons, Luke, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Brigs.

Alcaea, 363 tons, Southard, C. D. Maffitt.

Schooners.

Maggie E. Hart, 591 tons, Farrow, C. D. Maffitt.

Mary L. Crosby, 394 tons, Warren, C. D. Maffitt.

Waccamaw, 408 tons, Demings, C. D. Maffitt.

Laura M. Lunt, 507 tons, Hunter, C. D. Maffitt.

Ralph M. Hayward, 529 tons, Green, C. D. Maffitt.

F. W. Pickles (Br.) 386 tons, Patterson, C. D. Maffitt.

Joseph P. Cooper, 315 tons, Beanchamp, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 19, 1906.

C. C. Railroad—64 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 41 barrels rosin, 45 barrels tar, 1 barrel crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—222 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels tar, 7 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—689 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 28 barrels rosin, 14 barrels tar, 19 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y.—Railroad—10 barrels rosin.

W. & N. Railroad—1 cask spirits turpentine, 101 barrels rosin, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Alice—1 cask spirits turpentine, 46 barrels rosin, 18 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Johnson—1 bale cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 110 barrels rosin, 35 barrels tar.

Steamer City of Fayetteville—2 casks spirits turpentine, 46 barrels rosin, 48 barrels tar, 22 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—976 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 382 barrels rosin, 145 barrels tar, 73 barrels crude turpentine.

GEORGIA FREIGHT RATES CUT.

Shippers Will Be Saved $300,000 Annually by Reduction.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan.— 18.—Local freight rates on the Southern Railway the Central of Georgia and the Atlantic Coast Line will be reduced about 10 per cent., as the result of orders issued to-day by the Georgia railroad commission changing the classification of these lines and reducing the percentage they are allowed to charge in addition to the standard tariff. The orders will become effective February 19. The Central of Georgia and the Southern are transferred by these orders from class C, where they stand at present, and in which they are allowed to charge 25 per cent. in addition to the standard tariff, to class B, where they will be allowed to charge only 15 per cent. in addition. The Atlantic Coast Line was transferred from Class B, where it was allowed to charge 20 per cent. in addition to the standard tariff, to a new class known as class A-1, where it will be permitted to charge only 10 per cent. in addition. The Seaboard Air Line, which is in class C, was not changed.

It is estimated that this will mean a saving of $300,000 annually to the shippers of Georgia.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

If you are tired of buying "cure" by the pound, try a little "prevention" by the ounce. Begin by advertising for a new tenant before the old one leaves!

Eat More

of the most nutritious of flour foods—Uneeda Biscuit—the only perfect soda cracker. Then you will be able to

Earn More

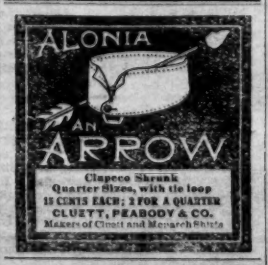
because a well-nourished body has greater productive capacity. Thus you will also be able to

Save More

because for value received there is no food so economical as Uneeda Biscuit

5¢ *In a dust tight, moisture proof package.*

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY



SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS!

The Star will send, without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messengers to your place of business or residence for advertisements for our Business Locals department. 'Phone the Star Office, No. 51.

Rates—Twenty-five cents for each insertion of twenty-five words, or less. Additional words, more than twenty-five, one cent per word. Positively, cash in advance.

The A. D. T. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co.; or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, and but a small charge for notes and small packages. For this service call 'Western Union, 'Phone 2. But for advertisements always call the Star Office, 'Phone 51.

LOST.—FRIDAY IN FRONT OF RESIdence 513 Market street, a book of Kodak pictures. Reasonable reward if left at above address. D. M. Williams. ja 20-tf

FOR SALE.— FARM NEAR CLARENdon, Columbus County, containing 80 acres, 20 cleared, 2 in Strawberries. Address W. J. Joyner, 621 Swan street, Wilmington, N. C. ja 20 1-t

CALL PHONE 547 WHEN YOU WANT a nice Chicken dinner, or N. C. Hams, country Sausage fresh every week. Full line groceries. Will appreciate your orders. S. F. Craig. ja 20 tf

BRIGHT NURSERY FIRE KEEPS the children well and puts the doctor out of business. Our kiln dried blocks do it. $1.00 per load delivered, cash. Phone 321 Hilton Lumber Co. tue thus Sat tf

FOR SALE—GENERAL MERCHANdise stock of $4,000; clean, fresh goods; doing good business; unlimited possibilities; desirably located in small, live town in cotton and turpentine section. Address "R. B. O." care of Star. ja17-4t

OYSTERS ANY STYLE. TURKEY, Quail and everything good at the Dixie Cafe. 117 Princess street. ja-17tf

FOR RENT — PHOTOGAPH GALjery, No. 114 Market street between Front and Second. Best location in the city. Possession given at once. Apply to B. H. J. Ahrens. de7-tf

JUST RECEIVED FRESH LOT FINE Preserves, Candies and Fruits. Fine Cakes and Crackers, including Fruit and Pound Cake, in fact, any thing you may want to make a Christmas dinner. Give us your orders. 'Phone 547. Store 605 North Fourth street. S. F. Craig. de21-tf

SWEET LIPS SHOULD TASTE THE sweet delicacies served at "The Oasis." For instance, Sliced Pineapple, Bananas, and whipped cream, hot chocolate with Whipped Cream, home-made Cakes, Sandwiches with home-made Rolls, Vegetable Soups, Clam Bouillon, tomato Bouilion, Beef Tea, Malt Coffee, the best cereal coffee made. We delight to please the ladies. ja2-tf

COLD STORAGE—BUTTER CHEESE, Apples, Onions, Potatoes, Cabbage, Oranges and Tangerines. We buy only 40 car-load lots, and can undersell the other fellow. 'Phone, 94. Wm. E. Worth & Co. ja14-tf

FRESH ARRIVALS—BANANAS, Apples, Onions, Oranges, Cabbage, and Irish Potatoes. Two cars just arrived. A. S. Winstead. oc22-tf

HAVE YOU LOST OR FOUND ANYthing? Do you want furnished or unfurnished rooms, or have you such rooms to let? If so, advertise in this column of the Star jy23-tf

TURKEYS!

The Cape Fear Trading Company has a fine lot of turkeys which they are offering to the trade at low prices. Also lots of other good things to eat, including Dill and Mangoe pickles.

J. B. TAYLOR, Mgr.

'Phone 1013.

ja 19-tf.

Christmas Attractions

We have many beautiful and attractive things in JEWELRY suitable for Christmas and New Year's Gifts. We carry a large stock of

Diamonds, Watches, Scarf Pins, Brooches, Rings, Knives and Forks and Sterling Silver in Great Variety

everything usually found in a first-class Jewelry House.

To be absolutely sure that you are getting the worth of your money you must be absolutely sure of the reliability of the Jeweler.

J. T. BURKE.

THE JEWELER. ..27 SO. FRONT ST. Dec 5tf.

WHEN IN NEED!

When in need of Groceries remember we have a large and well selected stock, and shall be pleased to serve you.

Brooks & Taylor,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants.

16-18-20-22 South Water St.

de29-tf

Seed Potatoes!

Bought after the decline. Rest assured we never stocked up on high-priced potatoes. If you think so, ask us for quotations. Hatton Early Rose, White Bliss, Red Bliss, Early Olives. Plenty other Groceries.

STONE & CO., ja11-tf

"THE SIWASA"

Heinz Preserves, Headley's Chocolates, Bishop's Jams, Pin Money Pickles, Maraschino Cherries, Imported Vinegar, Finest Line of OLIVES in the City.

S. W. Sanders. ja 5-tf.

AT THE

ATLANTIC CAFE.

DRINK—Or order the finest Wines and Liquors for our stock is unsurpassed.

SLEEP—In good, large and Airy Rooms.

EAT — The Best new River Oysters; Raw, Stewed or Fried, or the most delicious Steaks, etc.

"THE BEST FOR THE LEAST MONEY" at GIESCHEN BROS., Proprietors. 'Phone 111.. Opposite A. C. L. Depot. Dec 10-tf.

Genuine Liverpool

GROUND ALUM SALT.

IN

160 lbs. Heavy Bags,
100 lbs. Heavy Bags,
180 lbs. Heavy Bags,

ALSO

200 lbs. Heavy Bags,

CHRISTMAS CANDIES, RAISINS, Cocoanuts and Apples.

We Can Make Prompt Shipment.

HALL & PEARSALL Incorporated.

NEXT!

SEED POTATOES!

Shipment last half January.

White Bliss,
Red Bliss.
Eary Rose.
Bovee.

SEED OATS

For Spring Planting!

Suitable Fertilizers for All Crops.

Any Analysis—Any Amount.

The Worth Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

ja10-tf

2,500 Loaves Washington Bread on Sale To-Day.

Phone 261.

WARREN'S STEAM BAKERY

22 North Front St.

R. F. WARREN, Prop.

ja13tf

"A HAPPY NEW YEAR!"

This will become a reality if you maintain SAVINGS ACCOUNT with us.

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST.

Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.

New Arrivals!

We have just added to our large stock of Cigars two new brands.

"Optimo" and "Herman Cortez."

"THE GEM,"

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A Happy New Year

To one and all is our sincere wish.

We are going to put our good wishes into action by offering you the choicest and best gifts at prices that are fair.

Carving Sets and Table Ware.

Baker Hammerless Guns.

Remington Hammerless Guns.

Hopkins & Allen Hammerless Guns.

Single B. L. Guns.

Sporting Goods of all kinds.

Air Rifles the best on the market.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

129 MARKET | CHAS. BLOMME | 129 MARKET

Special Sale on Blankets.

SPECIAL SALE ON BLANKETS.

Special Sale on Blankets.

Having a broken lot of these special numbers, we will close them out at cost, as long as they last.

10-4 All-Wool Scarlet Blankets, was $4.00, now $3.25

10-4 White Blankets, sold for $3.00, now $2.50

11-4 White Blankets, sold for $5.00, now $3.75

11-4 White Blankets, sold for $4.00, now $3.00

Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, all pure linen, worth $1.50 doz., to go at $1.00

Children's All-Linen Handkerchiefs, per doz. 60c

Agent for the C. B. and Warner's Rust-Proof Corsets. Every Pair Warranted.

129 MARKET | CHAS. BLOMME | 129 MARKET

no2-tf

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

AVERYS Subsoil Plows.
" New Ground Plows.
" Disc Harrow Plows.
" Chilled Plows.
" Cultivators.
" Gee-Whiz Cultivators.
" Steel Single Trees.
SYRACUSE Chilled Plows.
" Middle Bursters.
" Dixie Plows, Etc., Etc.

Wholesale and Retail at prices that are right.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.

de27-tf

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMP'Y,

"The Store Thats Always Busy."

WE WILL PLACE ON SALE TO-MORROW, MONDAY, 5,000 YARDS FRENCH ORGANDIES, 25c. VALUE I N BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS AND COLORINGS—SHEER MATERIAL. ON SALE MONDAY AT 12½c. PER YD.

French Organdie Sale Monday, January 15th.

WILL CONTINUE UNTIL FRI DAY OF THIS WEEK MANY NEW AND ATTRACTIVE WHITE GOODS WILL BE OFFERED THESE 5 DAYS.

BALANCE OF OUR TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS AT HALF-PRICE.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

ja14-tf

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Mr. R. Don Laws, editor of the Yellow Jacket, a Republican weekly published at Moravian Falls, Wilkes county has begun a linotype school. For $100 he teaches young men how to operate a type-setting machine and for $50 turns out linotype machinists.

—Sam Watts, a deaf mute, of Wake county, N. C., is suing for a divorce from his wife, who is not a deaf mute. Watts alleges cruelty, saying that his wife beats him and will not allow their children to learn the sign language. It is puzzling Watts' lawyer to determine how he will get his testimony before the jury.

—Capt. Stowe, of the Ida G. Farren, was in town Tuesday night, and speaking of the wonderful products of Currituck county, told of a young man twenty years of age, named Ronarch, living at Wales Head Lighthouse, Currituck, who weighs 750 pounds, and vouched for the truth of the statement. As a joke some of the young man's friends filled his pantaloons with corn and the captain said by actual measurement they held fifteen bushels.

—Maxton Scottish Chief, Jan. 18: The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Maxton was held in the president's office last night. The report of the president, Mr. T. O. Evans, showed that this splendid financial institution has passed another very successful year, and the showing made was satisfactory and gratifying to the stockholders. The net earnings for the past year amount to nearly 25 per cent. of the capital stock, which reflects great credit upon the officers. Immediately after the adjournment of the stockholders' meeting the directors met and re-elected the old officers as follows: T. O. Evans president; A. J. McKinnon, vice-president; M. W. Cole, cashier.

—Mt. Olive Tribune: A summary of the situation throughout the strawberry growing section of Eastern Carolina would indicate that the acreage this season will be fully as large as it was last. This is true of the Mount Olive section, and we are informed that the same is true of the Chadbourn district. This condition, in our opinion, proves two things, viz: that the truck growers of Eastern Carolina still have abiding faith in the industry, which has made this the most prosperous and wealthy section of the State, and that they believe the transportation companies are adequately able to transport the crops to the northern markets in the future, without a repetition of the disastrous condition with which they were forced to contend last season during the never-to-be-forgotton car famine.

POSITIVE PROOF.

Should Convince the Greatest Skeptic in Wilmington.

Because it's the evidence of a Wilmington citizen.

Testimony easily investigated.

The strongest endorsement of merit.

The best of proof. Read it:

H. W. Bragg, merchant and furniture manufacturer, of Second and Market streets, residing at 114 North Sixth street, says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they proved to be a grand medicine, and I can also say that Doan's Ointment is the best remedy of the kind off the face of the earth. I suffered with my back a long time. When I sat at my desk for a while and attempted to get up, I would have to catch hold of the chair for support and straighten myself up gradually. The kidney secretions were dark colored and full of sediment. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills in our papers and went to R. R. Bellamy's drug store and got a box. Since using them my back is strong and I can move about and stand up as straight as ever and the kidney secretions have all cleared up. You may use my nam as an endorser of the claims made for Doan's Kidney Pills and also Doan's Ointment which I used with good results."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.

A FACT PROVEN.

Should Convince Even the Most Skeptical of Its Truth.

If there is the slightest doubt in the minds of any that Dandruff germs do not exist, their belief is compelled by the fact that a rabbit innoculated with the germs became bald in six weeks' time.

It must be apparent to any person therefore that the only prevention of baldness is the destruction of the germ—which act is successfully accomplished in one hundred per cent. of cases by the application of Newbro's Herpicide.

Dandruff is caused by the same germ which causes baldness and can be prevented with the same remedy—Newbro's Herpicide.

Accept no substitute. "Destroy the cause you remove the effect."

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY, Special Agent.

A Modern Miracle.

"Truly miraculous seemed the recovery of Mrs. Mollie Holt, of this place," writes J. O. R. Hooper, Woodford, Tenn., "she was so wasted by coughing up puss from her lungs. Doctors declared her end so near that her family had watched by her bed-side forty-eight hours; when, at my urgent request Dr. King's New Discovery was given her, with the astonishing result that improvement began, and continued until she finally completely recovered, and is a healthy woman to-day." Guaranted cure for coughs and colds. 50c and $1.00 at all druggists. Trial bottles free. **

May Live 100 Years.

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs. Jennie Duncan, of Haynesville, Me., now 70 years old. She writes: "Electric Bitters cured me of Chronic Dyspepsia of 20 years standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." Electric Bitters cure Stomach and Liver diseases, Blood disorders, General Debility and bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at all druggists. Price only 50c. **

Always Remember the Full Name

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

SUNDAY SERVICES.

First Presbyterian church, corner Third and Orange streets: Service at 11 o'clock to-morrow (Sunday) and at 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., pastor, Strangers welcome; seats free.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, corner of Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. A. W. Seabrease, rector: Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M.; Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 3:30 P. M. Seats free; strangers are cordially invited.

First Baptist church, Rev. Fred. D. Hale, D. D., pastor. Preaching tomorrow at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 3:30 P. M. Prayer and Praise Worship Wednesday, 7:30 P. M. B. Y. P. U. Friday, 7:30 P. M. Public cordially invited to all services.

In the absence of the Pastor, Mr. Charles McNelli will conduct the services at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. There will be no service at night.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over 60 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. **

Half the World Wonders

how the other half lives. Those who use Bucklen's Arnica Salve never wonder if it will cure Cuts, Wounds, Burns, Sores and all Skin eruptions; they know it will. Mrs. Grant Shy, 1130 E. Reynolds St., Springfield, Ill., says: "I regard it one of the absolute necessities of housekeeping." Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c. **

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Beats the Mucis Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," write Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette Place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists, 25c. **

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

BIC CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request

"HIGH ART."

Copyrighted 1903.

CUT

Cut — which determines the skill of the maker. The least the touchstone that tests the "hang" is the tell-tale of beauty and grace in an Overcoat; expensive Overcoat here shows accurate cut and tasteful tailoring. We've won leadership deservedly.

OVERCOATS $10.00
OVERCOATS 12.00
OVERCOATS 15.00
OVERCOATS 18.00
OVERCOATS 20.00
OVERCOATS 22.50

J. M. Solky & Co.

The One-Price Clothier and Furnisher.

ja13tf

GROCERIES WHOLESALE ONLY.

To Buy Good Goods at Low Prices, Send or Phone Orders to

SAM'L BEAR SR., & SONS

18 and 20 Market St.,

Wilmington, N. C.

ja14-tf

The man who will buy what you advertise for sale may be a near-by neighbor, or he may live on the other side of the city. Until your ad. finds him he will remain an utter stranger to you. Try a Star Business Local.

Blank Books AND Office Stationery,

Globe-Wernicke Filing Cases.

Remington Typewriters' AND Stenographers' Supplies.

C. W. Yates & Co.

de 27-tf

AGENTS FOR

SHOES.

FOR SIX LONG WEARY YEARS.

We have been "pounding and pounding, pushing and pushing Up-Hill" to be sure, at times, but have the solid satisfaction of having seen Our "Cash-On-Approval-System" pass through its experimental stages and enter upon the arena of business, a full pledged SUCCESS!

TO THE GENEROUS PUBLIC—For this manifestation of their confidence in us, we make our bow of sincere thanks, and, ON THIS GLAD HOLIDAY OCCASION WE BRING EVERYBODY A WISH FOR UNSPEAKABLE PLEASURE, JOYOUS, HAPPINESS AND PEACEFUL PLENTY!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS CO

GILLETT SAFETY RAZORS

Any Man Can Shave Himself With It.

Peninsula Ranges

Will Cut Your Fuel Bill 22 1-2 per cent.

Burn Coal, Wood or Coke.

FULL LINE OF

Plows, Hoes, Rakes and Harrows,

Forks, Shovels and Spades.

Flower Garden Sets.

POCKET and TABLE CUTLERY.

EXCERPTA and MARION HARLAN COFFEE POTS.

Make the Very Best Coffee Possible.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

Orton Building.

ja14-tf

Note well the fact that our claim for public patronage is based upon quality and promptness with which we serve patrons in all departments of our business.

ADOLPH G. AHRENS, Druggist.

'Phone 644. 107 Princess St.

ja12-tf

Rooms and Board

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH

On Reasonable Terms, AT

THE ONLY RESTAURANT

Regular Meals 25c

Dec, 23-tf.

Seeded Raisins

Currents and Citron.

Fresh Spices.

All the necessaries for fruit cake.

Jones, Springfield and Smithfield Hams.

Crow & Taylor,

de12-tf

HUGH MacRAE & CO.,

WE BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION,

SOUTHERN SECURITIES, COTTON MILL STOCKS. North and South Carolina State Bonds.

ALSO STOCKS LISTED ON NEW YORK AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES.

ja7tf

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

FOR CHRISTMAS!

A pass book of this Company will prove an acceptable gift to anyone.

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards may be made in any name desired.

Let us be your SANTA CLAUS.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

(Opposite The Orton).

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres't. H. WALTERS, Vice-Pres't.

C. E. TAYLOR, JR., Cashier.

de15-tf

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK WILMINGTON, N. C.

THIS BANK INVITES THE ACCOUNTS OF BORROWERS AS WELL AS DEPOSITORS.

CAPITAL $200,000.00.

SURPLUS $100,000.00

The Murchison National Bank

OF WILMINGTON,

Organized March, 1899.

CAPITAL	$300,000
SURPLUS	175,000
SHAREHOLDERS LIABILITY	300,000
TOTAL ASSETS NEARLY	3,000,000

DIRECTORS.

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer, JNO. F. McNAIR, McNair & Pearsall.
M. J. CORBETT, The Corbett Com pany, H. C. McQUEEN, President,
J. A. SPRINGER, of the Springer Coal Company, J. V. GRAINGER, Vice President.
N. JACOBI, Jacobi Hardware Company. J. C. STEVENSON, Wholesale Grocer, SHIRLEY CARTER, Baltimore, A. B. NICHOLS, Nichols, S. C.
T. M. EMERSON, Pres. A. C. L. R. R. M. W. DIVINE, Paints and Oils,

de25-tf

REPUTATION.

The Atlantic National Bank's reputation has been years in building and we feel that the community as well as ourselves are proud of its success. The Atlantic has made Wilmington famous as a banking point, and we will spare no effort to maintain our reputation as conservative, safe and accommodating Bankers.

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Pres.

J. W. YATES, Cashier.

Have You Ever in Your Life Read an "Ad" Like This?

Hall's Drug Store, Cor. 5th & Castle Sts., is doing a larger prescription business than any other drug store in the city! This is a fact, however strange it may seem, and this is what it's due to! Every Prescription sent here is filled and checked by a registered druggist—there are two of them here—and the materials used are the best the market affords. Besides the above, this store sends to any part of the city for prescriptions, fills them, and they are returned to you in a shorter time than it would require to walk to your nearest druggist. Next in importance is our night service, which after all is our greatest business getter, for it is hard to forget the store that will serve you after twelve at night, and nine out of ten of our night customers give us, at least a part of their day time trade.

ARE YOU NOT WISER?

Ja12-tf

GO TO GAYLORD'S

Mill End Sale,

Inventory Sale,

Remnant Sale.

7 Cakes of Toilet Soap for 19c.

Wednesday, January 17th, The Great Muslin Underwear Day for Men, Women and Children.

Thursday, January 18th, 1,500 yards of Dress Ginghams, 6c., worth 8 to 10c

Friday, January 19th, Hamburg and Lace-Day.

Saturday, January 20th, Bleaching and Outing Day.

Monday, January 22nd, Dress Goods and Silk Day.

Tuesday, January 23rd, Ladies' Handkerchief Day.

Wednesday, January 24th, Colored Lawn Day—1,500 yards of 10 cent Lawns; choice, 6c.

Thursday, January 25th, Millinery Day. All Hats must go.

Friday, January 26th, 1,500 yards of 40-inch Lawns, the 15c. kind; while it lasts, 10c. yard.

Saturday, January 27th, Mennens' 25c. Borated Talcum Powder, 10c. a Box—One to a customer.

300 Extra Size BED SPREADS The $1.00 Kind—69c. each.

200 Good Value BED SPREADS The $1.25 Kind—98c. each

Our Entire Line Of LACE CURTAINS Marked Down.

5 and 6c. DARK CALICOES Now 4c.

The most astounding Value Sale of Women's Wraps, Suits, Cloaks and Furs.

Our Entire Stock Marked 'Way Down

Don't Miss the Above Sensational Values.

Geo. O. Gaylord's

Three Stores Combined.

ja14-tf

Low Shoes for Winter Wear.

We have received a shipment of the celebrated "Imperal," Low Cuts, Patent Colt, Gun Metal, French Kid, Pumps and Gibson Ties.

All Widths from A to E, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50

Solomon's Shoe Store.

ja10-tf

Atlantic Coast Line

Schedule in Effect, October 8, 1905.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48	No. 42
Lv. Wilmington	9 25 a m	6 50 p m
Ar. Goldsboro	12 15 p m	9 32 p m
Ar. Wilson	1 16 p m	10 25 p m
Ar. Rocky Mount	1 55 p m	11 10 p m
Ar. Norfolk	5 55 p m	.....
Ar. Weldon	4 58 p m	1 47 a m
Ar. Petersburg	6 35 p m	3 23 a m
Ar. Richmond	7 45 p m	4 07 a m
Ar. Washington	11 50 p m	7 54 a m
Ar. Baltimore	1 43 a m	9 09 a m
Ar. Philadelphia	3 25 a m	11 22 a m
Ar. New York	7 30 a m	2 00 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv. New York	9 35 a m	5 25 p m
Ar. Philadelphia	11 58 a m	12 01 a m
Ar. Baltimore	2 07 p m	2 22 a m
Ar. Washington	3 21 p m	3 45 a m
Ar. Norfolk	.....	8 40 a m
Lv. Richmond	1 25 p m	9 05 a m
Ar. Petersburg	3 05 p m	9 45 a m
Ar. Weldon	4 51 p m	11 44 a m
Ar. Rocky Mount	11 00 p m	1 10 p m
Ar. Wilson	11 32 p m	2 05 p m
Ar. Goldsboro	6 58 a m	3 10 p m
Ar. Wilmington	10 05 a m	6 00 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily.	Daily. via Wilson
Lv. Wilmington	6 00 a m	3 45 p m	6 50 p m
Ar. Florence	9 35 a m	7 40 p m	3 55 a m
Ar. Charleston	1 20 p m	11 40 p m	6 50 a m
Ar. Savannah	6 15 p m	2 50 a m	9 05 a m
Ar. Jacksville		8 40 a m	1 45 p m
Ar. Tampa		6 55 p m	11 00 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Tampa	8 40 p m	9 00 a m
Ar. Jacksonville	7 55 a m	7 00 p m
Ar. Savannah	12 55 p m	1 15 a m
Lv. Charleston	4 15 p m	6 15 a m
Ar. Florence	7 35 p m	9 25 a m
Ar. Wilmington	11 45 p m	1 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily.		East Bound Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	3 10 a m	Ar.	8 00 p m
Ar. Fayetteville	12 20 p m	Ar.	4 55 p m
Ar. Sanford	1 55 p m	Lv.	3 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	N. Bound Daily ex Sun.		South Bound.
Lv. Wilmington	2 35 p m	Ar.	12 30 p m
Ar. Newbern	5 40 p m	Lv.	9 10 a m

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S. S. Navahoe ..Friday, January 26th

From Wilmington for New York.

S. S. Navahoe..Saturday, January 20th
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To The Beach.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE In Effect Nov. 27, 1905. (Daily.)

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville
6.00 A. M.	6.30 A. M.
	Leave Beach.
7.00 A. M.	8.15 A. M.
10.00 A. M.	10.45 A. M.
11.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
1.30 P. M.	2.15 P. M.
3.00 p. m.	4.45p m.
6.00 P. M.	6.45 P. M.
7.30 P. M.	9.15 P. M.

Saturdays—Extra Cars.

4.30 p. m.	3.45 p. m.
10.00 p. m.	5.15 p.m.
	10.45 p. m.

Sunday cars every half hour from 1 to 7:30 P. M.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE. (Daily except Sunday.)

Leave Ninth and Orange, 4.00 P. M. Freigh depot open from 2.30 to 3.30 P. M.

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T. D. Love, President.

B. W. Covington, Secretary.

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'Phone 439.

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

Saturday Morning, Jan. 20.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

NATIONAL GINNERS' REPORT FOR TWO WEEKS

Number Bales From January 1st to 15th 176,496—To Be Ginned 136,762 Bales.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Dallas, Tex., Jan. 19.—The semi-monthly bale report of the National Ginners' Association compiled today shows that 176,496 bales have been ginned from Jan. 1 to Jan. 15, 1906, inclusive. This added to the government's last census report shows a total of 9,897,071 bales ginned during the season of 1905-06. There yet remains to be ginned 136,762 bales. President Taylor, who compiled the report stated that the cotton territory was very generally covered and the report, therefore, should be very accurate.

"Some people criticize us because we always take the figures of the government and seem to think that we ought not to add them to our own. We don't claim that we alone are correct. Inasmuch as we are just trying to forecast what the government report will be, it is our purpose to use their latest official figures.

"I cannot account for the discrepancy between the government reports and those of the National Ginners' Association, for the reason that as a usual thing the report of the former covers one day more than ours. Our reports are given from the first to 15th inclusive, but in some cases the ginners in making out the government report include the 16th in their estimate. This accounts for the fact that our figures are not so large sometimes as are the figures shown in the government report."

Mr. Taylor was assisted in the compilation of the report by Dr. C. C. Combes, president-elect of the association. From here Mr. Taylor leaves for New York, where, as a member of a committee from the Southern Cotton Association, he will meet the spinners of the country.

The report issued shows the total amount ginned to date as follows: Alabama, 1,946,650; Arkansas, 529,890; Florida, 73,764; Georgia, 1,684,179; Indian Territory, 302,375; Louisiana, 478,783; Mississippi, 1,064,144; Missouri, 35,979; North Carolina, 636,200; Oklahoma, 284,513; South Carolina, 1,081,426; Tennessee, 244,241; Texas, 2,271,999; Kentucky, 1,230; Virginia, 14,740; Total, 9,897,071.

SIMMONS TALKS FOR BIGELOW.

Magazine Writer Will Not Be Punished for Contempt.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Poultney Bigelow's defiance of the Senate Committee on Inter-Oceanic Canals, in refusing to divulge the series of certain information he is alleged to have made that many eminent engineers had declined to go to Isthmus of Panama to engage in the construction of the canal because of physical conditions, probably will go unpunished. This was made apparent today by the postponement of consideration of his recalcitrancy until after he has gone on with his testimony next week. While no definite action was taken it is generally understood that proceedings against the witness will not be begun.

The committee held an executive session of two hours today. Senator Hopkins offered a resolution certifying Mr. Bigelow's contumacy to the vice president for action in the courts and asked that it be adopted. Several Democratic Senators opposed this course, and Senator Simmons addressed the committee at length. He declared that it was an extraordinary penalty that was proposed and contrary to common law. He suggested that the courts might refuse to act on the certification which he asserted would prove most embarrassing.

The course of the committee, if it should proceed against Mr. Bigelow said the Senator, would be to intimidate witnesses and would be bad policy so early in the canal investigation. He said that much of the news printed by newspaper men employed at the capital is obtained from confidential sources and that if the committee is to declare that these confidences are to be violated, it would at once array the press of the country against the committee. He closed with the statement that he would never vote for a resolution to certify the case to the courts, and he was joined in this by Senators Gorman and Taliaferro. Several other Senators expressing a doubt as to whether Mr. Bigelow's testimony was of sufficient value to justify the committee in making a 'martyr" of him, Senator Hopkins withdrew his resolution.

At the afternoon session, Major Hugh Galagher, assistant general purchasing agent of the Panama Canal Commission, was heard.

Inquiries by Senator Morgan brought out the statement that coal was purchased by the commission from the Panama railroad and that iron was purchased in Southern markets because it was the cheapest and best. "That is where the coal would be purchased also if the mines had an opportunity to bid," said the Senator.

Reading from the annual report of the Isthmian Canal Commission Senator Morgan pointed out that it was provided by law that not more than six months supplies should be carried. He asked Major Gallagher if he knew that there were supplies of lumber on hand sufficient to last one or two years which is rotting on the ground. The witness said he knew the purcheses had been extensive, but that he supposed the requisitions were for material for immediate use. Senator Morgan then made the statement that such supplies were now rotting for the reason that there was no immediate use for the large amount on hand.

GOVERNOR GLENN IN RICHMOND.

Made Brief Address to Virginia House of Delegates.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 19.—Governor Glenn, of North Carolina, came over from Petersburg, where he made an address before the Virginia Anti-saloon League, and dropped in on the House of Delegates today. He was invited to a seat beside the presiding officer today, Col. Robert E. Lee, grand-son of Gen. Robert E. Lee, and responded appropriately to calls for a few remarks, marking the significance of "Lee-Jackson Day," the day being celebrated.

Governor Glenn afterwards dined with Governor Montague at the executive mansion.

At Northport, L. I., yesterday Dr. James W. Simpson, the New York dentist, accused of the murder of his father-in-law, Bartley T. Horner, was held for the action of the grand jury which meets in March. The accused man will be taken to the River Head jail to-day.

MAY MEAN WAR FOR VENEZUELA

French Sxuadron Now Off Coast to Demand Apology From President Castro

SITUATION IS VERY GRAVE

Reinforcements Hurrying From France to Venezuelan Waters—Act of War mitted by Castro—Insults for American Minister.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Three French warships are new off the Venezuelan coast prepared to deliver the answer of France to President Castro's treatment of M. Taigny, the French representatives at Caracas, by a naval demonstration in Venezuelan waters.

Two additional warships will join them as soon as they can make the trip across the Atlantic.

Meantime the delicacy of the situation at Caracas is greatly increased by news which recently reached here from Venezuelan capital regarding the attitude, President Castro who now appears to be assuming toward Mr. Russell, the American minister, Unless this attitude is radically modified it may be necessary to dispatch an American warship even nearer the Venezuelan coast than has already been planned. President Castro, it is said, will be given to understand that any treatment of the American representative such as that accorded M. Taigny will not be tolerated by the Washington government. The only cause which can be assigned here for President Castro's coolness towards Mr. Russell is that the former insists on regarding as personal, rather than official, the efforts which Mr. Russell, acting under instructions from Washington, has made to assist in a peaceful settlement of the Franco-Venezuelan troubles.

France has adopted a sibple programme for her treatment of the Venezuelan situation. It provides for an immediate and comprehensive apology by President Castro for his treatment of Mr. Taigny, which treatment the Paris officials regard as "insulting" and "intolerable." Until this apology is made discussion of the claims and other grievances with France has against Venezuela will be withheld. The French government regards the action of President Castro's agents in LaGuira in refusing to permit M. Taigny to return ashore after he had boarded a French lines as an act of war.

In continuance of the policy rigidly adhered to, Mr. Jusserand, the French ambassador, who has kept the Washington government informed at every stage of the course to be pursued by France in Venezuela, had a long conference with Secretary Root this afternoon.

It now appears that three important dispatches containing instructions for M. Taigny never reached him, and the supposition is that they were intercepted by the Venezuelan government. This is regarded as a very serious phase of the situation and will be thoroughly investigated by Mr. Russell.

It can be announced that a French demonstration in Venezuelan waters under the circumstances will be viewed here with complacence.

France Determined.

Paris, Jan. 19.—At a cabinet council held in the Elysee Palace to-day, President Loubet presiding, Premier Rouvier explained the Venezuelan situation. No indication whatever has been given out relative to the council's decisions. The Temps in a leading article to-day says:

President Castro probably hopes to find in the ulterior reprisals to be carried out by France a pretext for the non-fulfillment of his engagements towards others. It is however, clear that France whose moderation is generally approved in Europe and America, will net furnished him a pretext. She will choose a method of proceeding against Venezuela which will not hurt any one's interests and at the same time bring to his senses this strange dictator, who in the end will be brought to account by Venezuela herself."

Venezuela's Expelled Representative.

Liege, Belgium, Jan. 19.—M. Maubourguet, the former charge d'affaires of Venezuela, who was expelled from France yesterday, has arrived here. He will remain a few days in this city and will then proceed to London.

WARM WIRELETS.

All the banks, State offices and public schools at Raleigh were closed yesterday on account of General E. Lee's birthday, which is a legal holiday in North Carolina. The local chapter Daughters of the Confederacy, held appropriate exercises. There were many celebrations in different parts of the State.

The Lee birthday banquet of the society of the army and navy of the Confederate States, of Maryland, was held in Baltimore last night, the principal address being made by Senator John. W. Daniel, and Congressmen William A. Jones and John Lamb and Major Robert M. Hunter, all of Virginia.

At Macon, Ga., yesterday announcement was made that the last dollar will be paid the creditors of the ill-fated First National Bank, of which the late R. H. Plant was president. The depositors will get all the money they had in the vaults with interest at three and a half per cent. The payments will be made January 22.

General Lee's birthday was appropriately celebrated yesterday in Norfolg, Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, and many other Southern cities. At Savannah a pleasing incident of the parade was the presence of nearly one hundred veterans of the Civil War, many wearing grey jackets, who paraded by invitation with the State troops.

The correspondent of the Associated Press at St. Petersburg having been queried from New York concerning the reported arrest of William English Walling in that city for revolutionary activity, telegraphed yesterday that Mr. Walling has not been arrested and that the report to that effect is without foundation. The Associated Press received the statement that Mr. Walling had been arrested from Abraham Cahan, editor of the Jewish Daily Forward, yesterday and accepted it as correct.

The demurrer to the indictment in the cases of Henry C. Michie and John S. Hawkins, jointly charged with conspiracy to extort moneys from the late Robert D. Ballantine, on the threat of damaging his reputation by publishing abroad allegations concerning his private life, was over-ruled by Judge George W. Morris, of the Charlottesville, Va., Corporation Court yesterday. The two men pleaded not guilty, and requested separate trials. Monday, February 26th, was set for the trial of Hawkins and $1,000 bail fixed.

WASTEFUL OFFICIALS DISCUSSED IN HOUSE

Deficiencies Not to Be Tolerated and There Must Be Reform—Free Hides.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Reform in the matter of making deficiency appropriations agitated the House today and the entire time of the five and a quarter hour session was devoted to its discussion with the exception of a short speech for free hides by Mr. Perkins, of New York.

The urgent deficiency appropriation bill was being considered under the general debate order and Mr. Littauer, of New York, in charge of the bill, set the pace by pointing out the failure of the legislation of last year to curb heads of departments in their demands for deficiency supplies. He explained the more stringent measure recommended in the bill and said that several requests for money had been refused by the committee.

The one specific illustration of the need for reform which was cited was the appropriation of $2,615 for a portrait of ex-Attorney General Knox, which Attorney General Moody had paid for out of the contingent fund of the Department of Justice and for which the bill makes provisions to reimburse. Under the new limitations this use of the contingent fund will not be permitted. This view of the case was acquiesced in by Mr. Brundige, of Arkansas, Mr. Livingstone, of Georgia, and Mr. Fitzgerald, of New York, all members of the appropriations committee.

Mr. Burton, of Ohio, concluded the debate for the day with general observations on the necessity of closer guard of the expenditure of the revenues of the government. General debate on the bill will proceed tomorrow.

NEGRO PRIZE FIGHTER WINS.

Joe Gans Knocked Out Twin Sullivan in Fifteen Rounds.

Woodward's Pavilion, San Francisco, Cal., Jan 19.—Joe Gans, of Baltimore, tonight knocked out Mike (Twin) Sullivan, of Boston, in the fifteenth round of a fight to-night. From start to finish Gans was the aggressor and kept right on top of his man. Sullivan made several brave rallies but he could not hurt the colored man, and finally in the fifteenth round a series of lightning right hand blows to the jaw ended Sullivan's aspirations and put Gans once more at the top of the fighting heap.

The fight was fast and furious from the start. Gans kept within striking distance at all stages. Sullivan was clever and game but could not keep the aggressive colored man away from him. Gans' left eye was closed early in the fight and Sullivan kept playing for it but at no time did he have Gans in idstress. In the eighth round it looked as if the fight was over. Gans put in two lefts to the ear and a right to the jaw. Sullivan went down but was on his feet in a moment and Gans went after him swinging left and right. Sullivan went down again but came up fighting. He was groggy but game and cool. In the ninth Gans went at his man again. A right to the jaw and a right to the heart sent the white man staggering, but he managed to last through the round. From this time Gans forced the fighting more terribly than ever. In the eleventh he apparently played with Sullivan and did great damage. In the twelfth Sullivan braced up and sent some straight rights to Gans' face.

In the thirteenth Sullivan was still strong and played for the colored man's eye. He landed a hard blow on the stomach that apparently hurt Gans. In the fourteenth Gans devoted all his attention to Sullivan's abdomen and landed half a dozen hard rights.

In the fifteenth a left swing from Gans struck the point, and Sullivan went down and out with his head resting on the ropes. Gans' boxing was nearly perfect, while his ripping pnuches to stomach were clever. Sullivan showed a great amount of cleverness and much gameness but at no stage of the fight was he a match for the negro.

KEEP COMMISSION'S REPORT.

Secretary Wilson Shows It was Bag of Wind.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Secretary Wilson, referring to the report of the Keep Commission to-day declared that many of the changes suggested by the commission actually had been made in the Department and were now and had been for a long time in force. He declared that the increased sphere of usefulness of the State agents was no new idea, as it had originated in his Department and he needed only the necessary additional appropriation to put it into effect. The proposition, however, to do away with the 85,000 correspondents, he said was radical, and one which needed careful consideration. He pointed with pride to the small fractions of difference between the Department's estimates of the production of cotton and those of the census bureau based on the ginners' reports. Concerning the personnel of the crop estimating board, Secretary Wilson said he had about determined upon a prominent Southern man for appointment to the vacancy on the board created by the death of Mr. Hutchins.

CURTAIL NEGRO EDUCATION.

Mississippians Must Pay Poll-Tax If Children May Enter Schools.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 19.—Senator Clover to-day introduced into the Mississippi Legislature a concurrent resolution to amend the constitution by providing that no children shall be admitted to the public schools of the State, where the parent is liable for the poll-tax for the current year and the same remains unpaid. The effect of this amendment, if inserted into the constitution, would be to bar nine-tenths of the negro children of the State from the schools unless the negroes pay the poll-tax with greater frequency than at present. In a word, it would practically accomplish Governor Vardaman's plan of a division of the school funds between the races. Mr. Clover also proposed to make the school age from eight to eighteen years.

NO END OF BIG SWINDLING.

Charles Murray Bound Over in New York for Fogery.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

New York, Jan. 19.—T. C. P. Colmey or Charles Murray, who has been held on one charge of attempting to negotiate the forged certificates of bonds of the Norfolk and Western Railway Company, was arraigned in court again to-day and placed under $5,000 bail on a second complaint. This time he was accused of trying to negotiate with Barnard & Clary, of this city, a loan of $8,000 on what purported to be $15,000 worth of the forged certificates. It was charged that in this instance the accused represented himself to be E. J. Moore.

LUKE E. WRIGHT SENT TO JAPAN

President Roosevelt Will Nominate Him for First Ambassador on Monday

IT IS AGREEABLE AT TOKIO

Mr. Ide Succeeds Wright as Govenor General of the Philippines—Two Vacancies on Insular Commission to Be Filled.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Luke E. Wright, of Tennessee, Governor General of the Philippines, is to be the first American ambassador to Japan, if the Senate approves the nomination which President Roosevelt will next Monday submit to it. The announcement was made today by Secretary Root. Governor General Wright will be succeeded in office at Manila first, by Henry C. Ide, the senior member of the commission and vice governor and acting governor general while General Wright is on leave of absence in this country. When he retires on fiune first, James F. Smith, of California, member of the Philippine commission, will succeed to the office of governor general. General Wright tendered his resignation as governor general of the Philippines several months ago, indicating his desire to retire from the Philippine service by the first of the present year. President Roosevelt, Secretary Taft and Secretary Root recognized his reason for retirement from the Philippines as good and he was offered the American ambassadorship to Japan. It is understood that the Japanese government has indicated its willingness to accept General Wright as American ambassador.

Governor Wright has not decided yet when he will go to Japan, having originally planned to remain in this country until June, but may hasten his departure, as America is represented at Tokio diplomatically only by Mr. Laughlin, the second secretary of the legation.

Commissioner Ide, who will immediately succeed Governor General Wright has a record of distinguished service. He has been Philippine commissioner for the past six years, and being well along in years desired to retire and tendered his resignation to take effect June 1st next. Both the President and Secretary Taft felt that his service merited the honor of having for a time at least held the actual rank of governor general of the Philippines.

The retirement of Governor Wright and of Governor Ide will leave two vacancies on the commission to be filled, as to which no decision has been reached.

FRIGHTFUL PLUNGE OF TRAIN.

Three Cars on Elevated Road Fall Thirty Feet.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

New York, Jan. 19.—The middle coach of a three car elevated train on the Cypress Hills branch of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, was derailed at an "uncontrolled" switch and plunged thirty feet from the overhead structure to a vacant lot. The forward end of the car struck a heavy boulder and was split from end to end, collapsing into a mass of wreckage.

Of the twelve passengers who went down with the car, one was killed and the others seriously injured. A guard standing on the front platform was so badly injured by being hurled to the ground that he is not expected to live.

Police Captain Cullen, reported tonight that immediately after the accident, employes of the railroad company requested permission to burn the wrecked car. This, he says, he denied. Going upon the elevated structure to get evidence as to the condition of the switches, Captain Cullen says he was surprised to see flames burst from the wreckage. The fire department was called but the remains of the car were practically destroyed before the coroner reached the scene to investigate. The accident occurred at a double track switch leading to the Rockaway Beach division of the Brooklyn elevated. This branch is not used in Winter and the switch ordinarily is "spiked". Today, however, a party of railroad officials were to make a trip in a special train over this division of the road and a switchman removed the spike.

Simon C. Wilson, 63 years of age, a Brooklyn real estate dealer, was the passenger killed. He was found wedged between two seats in the wreckage at the forward end of the car.

KEITH DARGAN'S BODY EXHUMED

Grave Opened and Remains Identified in Presence of Crowd.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Darlington, S. C., Jan. 19.—In the presence of half a hundred citizens and representatives of the life insurance companies interested, the grave of Robert Keith Dargan was opened this morning and physicians pronounced the body therein to be that of the late president of the Independent Oil Company and the Darlington Trust Company, whose suicide, by taking carbolic acid on July 11, 1905, created a sensation at the time. The body was exhumed by permission of the father of the deceased, who in a letter said that permission was given to set at rest the scandalous rumors that had persistently been heard to the effect that R. Keith Dargan was not dead, but had pretended suicide and escaped to Europe. Dargan's death followed closely to the failure of the oil company and the trust company, followed closely the failure of the president. The body was badly decomposed, but the identification was said to be complete.

BAD COLLISION ON SEABOARD.

Crash Near Atlanta—Two Men Dead and One Missing.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 19.—Two men were instantly killed, another is missing, believed to be under the debris, and a fourth fatally scalded as the result of a head-on collision to-night between a northbound through freight and a switch engine on the Seaboard Air Line railroad near Mina, a small station about eight miles from Atlanta.

Known dead: Walter S. Taylor, engineer of switch engine, of Atlanta; Edward E. Reck, telegraph operator at Mina.

T. J. Eden, fireman of the switch engine is missing and is believed to be under the debris.

W. F. Head, switchman, was fatally scalded. Engineer New, of the fast freigh and his fireman jumped and were injured. Both engines and ten freight cars are total wrecks.

The accident is said to have been caused by the carelessness of the crew of the switch engine.

As the result of a conference in the Speaker's room after the House met yesterday it was decided to bring up the statehood bill in the House Wednesday of next week.

THE IMMORTAL LEE

(Continued From First Page.)

erals exclaimed to him with bitterness: "I wish those people were all dead." Gen. Lee, with his inimitable grace promptly replied: "How can you say so, General, now I wish they were all at home attending to their own business, leaving us to do the same." All through the four years of strain and struggle he spoke kindly of the Federal soldiers, calling them "only those people," "General Grant's people." He ordered every kindness to be shown to prisoners compatible with their safety. Hear him saying before the Congressional Committee after the war, "I did everything in my power to relieve the suffering of the prisoners and to establish the cartel of exchange. My orders were always that the whole field should be treated alike. Parties were sent out to take the Federal wounded as well as the Confederates, and the surgeons were told to treat the one as they did the other. These orders given by me were respected on every field."

When he entered Pennsylvania at the head of his victorious army, though advised by many in high positions to a course of retaliation for the treatment our people were receiving he refused; and his celebrated general order, issued a few days before the battle of Gettysburg, is the noblest expression of the standard and manner of civilized warfare which a Christian soldier had ever uttered. "Fellow soldiers, we cannot take vengeance for the wrongs our people have suffered without lowering ourselves in the eyes of all whose abhorrence has been excited by the atrocities of our enemy, and offending against Him to whom vengeance belongeth and without whose favor and support our efforts must all prove in vain. The commanding general, therefore, earnestly exhorts the troops to abstain with most scrupulous care from unnecessary or wanton injury to private property, and he enjoins upon all officers to arrest and bring to summary punishment all who shall in any way offend against the orders on this subject."

He did not say in the language of another soldier: "War is Hell" "anyhow, and the more like Hell we make it, the more quickly it will be over. No. He said in effect, war is a fearful instrument to be used only as a last dread resort; it is bad enough at its best; it becomes, therefore, our duty as soldiers and Christians to mitigate its horrors as far as possible, so that we shall save unnecessary suffering, so that we shall have fewer painful memories to forget, so that when the war is done, true and lasting peace shall quickly come and always abide; ah, yes, Gen. Lee dismounting from his horse to put up a broken fence with his own hand, gave not only a helpful object lesson to his own soldiers but to all the world a winning picture of a great soul preserving, as far as human power can, the order and blessings of peace amid the turmoil and the horrors of war.

So much for the peacemaker to the enemy during this time of warfare. How was he at the same time among his own people. He was doing ever his utmost without consideration for self to allay bitterness and jealousy and to promote harmony and unity of action. In the opening of the war, when Virginia had made him commander of her forces, before she had joined the Confederacy, already organized at Montgomery, there seemed some danger of a clash of rank which might have resulted in consequences disastrous to the young republic. Vice President Stephens went to see General Lee in person hoping to placate and win him. He had but started his errand when his anxiety was entirely removed. "Do not consider me at all, Mr. Stephens. The question of rank is entirely secondary with me. The cause is the thing. I am ready to serve to my ability in any rank."

Again when Jackson was developing and displaying his marvellous genius, when he had risen rank by rank until now he stood close beside General Lee himself, when thoughtless people had already begun to compare the two men and to wonder which would be in command at the end of the war, can we find anywhere the slightest tinge of jealously in the older man, any lack of appreciation, any want of generality in the commanding general? Not a trace. He complimented Jackson and urged him for promotion. He gave him every opportunity to display his splendid abilities. To Jackson's note informing him that he was wounded General Lee replied: "I cannot express my regret at the occurrence. Could I have directed events, I should have chosen for the good of the country to have been disabled in your stead. I congratulate you on the victory which is due to your skill and energy." And the next day, at the final charge and full victory, at the head of his triumphant legions, shouting their praises and loyalty to him as their victorious chief, then and there he gave the praise to his lieutenant and declared that the victory was due to Jackson.

At Gettysburg, you remember, he were even higher in the beauty of his lofty character. Military critics, as I understand, do not find fault with Lee for his strategy on this great battlefield, for his work as commander-in-chief. The loss of that battle was due to the fault of others; and yet, and yet, how grandly he shouldered the responsibility for the defeat, how unselfishly he refused to add to the general disappointment and distress by blaming his subordinates. As he rode to the front to meet the shattered columns of Pickett, streaming back from their fearful charge "General Lee was perfectly sublime," writes the English officer who then rode to his side. He soothed, cheered and rallied the disheartened soldiers with firm and quiet voice, and they responded quickly to the entreaties of their adored commander. "One of his trusted generals now rode up, and in a very depressed tone of annoyance and vexation explained the sad state of his brigade. General Lee immediately shook hands with him and said in a cheerful manner: "Never mind, General, all this has been my fault. It is I that have lost this fight and you must keep me out of it the best way you can." How grand a peacemaker he was with his men, this Christian soldier!

How he welded together the raw material his mighty army into one peaceful, harmonious whole, binding it together with admiration for the superb general and with love for the noble man, who gave no thought to self, accorded full justice to every subordinate even assumed the responsibility for their own mistakes. Col. Henderson—Alas, Alas, for his untimely death—in his matchless life of Stonewall Jackson, makes Lee superior to Jackson in this respect: "It is doubtful," said he, "whether even Jackson could have administered a great army under the most untoward circumstances with the same success; whether he could have assuaged the jealousies of the different States, and have dealt so tactfully with both officers and men that there should have been no friction between Virginians and Georgians, Texans and Carolinians."

Let us stand by our heroes at Appomattox. At that momentous and terrible hour, three possible lines of conduct lay before him. First and easiest to dash with his little band upon the thickest of the enemy and die sword in hand crying out the famous words of the Old Guard at Waterloo, "We die, we do not surrender!" That devoted little army was to a man ready to follow their general to his historic and picturesque death. But think of its consequences! This heroic courage would have swept over the soldiers of the South, Taylor, Smith, Forest, Johnson would have cried to their men "We must follow our General, we must die with our comrades." What a waste of precious life, what the wrath of the conquerors, what the sufferings of the women and children bereft of their protectors.

Second, Lee might have selected his bravest and strongest, cut through the lines of the enemy, retreated to the mountains of Virginia and North Carolina, called to his side the scattered armies and there maintained a guerilla warfare for years and years. What again the probable consequences! Civilization sickens over such a picture. Our whole land the scene of constant petty fights; our people arrayed against one another; one side struggling for peace, the other for war; martial law pressing down everywhere with its heavy hand; our women and children, harrassed, insulted, starved, the freed black adding to the horrors of the situation, desolated homes, blackened ruins, untilled nelds. No, No, neither of these alternatives. Our wise leader put them to one side, and chose the third, and at the time, the hardest. "There is nothing left me but to go and see Gen. Grant." "Oh, General," cnid one of his staff, what will history say of the surrender of the army in the field?" "Yes, I know," he replied, "They will say hard things of us, they will not understand how we were overwhelmed by numbers, but that is not the question, Colonel, the question is, is it right to surrender this army? If it is right, then I will take all the responsibility."

He looked the present in the face and provided for the future. He recognized the stern fact that the object of the war had failed; we could not win our independence. What then can we do to bring back peace as quickly and as thoroughly as possible. Make terms with the enemy, placate his wrath, surrender as soldiers and go back home to work and live as quiet and useful men. He took this course, and so showed himself our great National peacemaker. This wise example was quickly followed throughout our Southland; army after army surrendered and disbanded; and in a few months after Lee's surrender, the clash of arms had ceased and the soldiers of the South had become busy mechanics and farmers. The historian of our Civil War marvels over the valor of our soldiers and their long and gallant struggle against overwhelming odds; but he marvels yet more over that new thing in history, over the rapidity and the ease with which these great armies melted back again into the ranks of peaceful citizenship and set themselves to build again from the shattered ruins of home and fortunes; and to this they were guided and stimulated by the word and life of their peerless commander. What a man of peace he was after he laid down his arms at Appomattox? He carried out most scrupulously the terms of the surrender. No word of bitterness, no imprecation of vengeance on his victorious and often cruel foes ever escaped his lips. He wrote to the authorities of the United States, expressing his willingness to comply with all honorable conditions, asking to be included in the terms of amnesty; he earnestly advised the Southern officers to submit to their hard condition, to remain in their own country and devote themselves to the noble work of restoring harmony and building up prosperity; he refused all public position, thinking it would bring up again the questions which ought to be considered settled; and then, he accepted the presidency of Washington College and devoted the remaining years of his life to training the Southern youth to meet the new conditions which faced his and their beloved land. Oh, yes, Fellow Citizens, Lee at Appomattox and at Lexington ranks no whit behind Lee at Chancellorsville and at Cold Harbor and so I commend Lee, the peacemaker, to you, as our personal example. Let us not revile our enemies, personal, commercial, political; let us sink our personal considerations or rank for peace and harmony, when we have started forward in our campaign for the good of the church, the party, the community, the country; when at last in any struggle, private or public, we see that we are beaten, let us face the grim facts, make honorable terms with our remaining strength and then patiently and cheerfully adjust ourselves to the new conditions. My friends before in the war between the States two ideals of patriotism struggled in this land for possession of the mind of man. What is the ultimate standard of patriotism, which is the last and highest voice for the conscience of a man living in these United States; Is it the voice of the people of his State, enunciated at its capital, or is it the voice of the whole people of the United States declared in Washingtons. Robt. Lee said the State. Winfield Scott said the United States. Jefferson Davis obeyed his State. Abraham Lincoln obeyed the United States. The people of the South as a whole followed Lee and Davis; the people of the North, Grant and Lincoln. These two ideals took various shapes; statesmen discussing them as embodied in the constitution, arguing over the nature of our government; the people quarreled over them entangled in the matter of slavery and its abolition. Whatever may have been the cause or the occasion of our war, I believe and I love to think that the real underlying reason for that mighty conflict was the clash of these two splendid ideals, in the minds of men.

The issue was joined; the last dread tribunal was raised; war was declared. When the smoke of battle died away, which ideal was triumphant? What did the God of war declare to be the final command of the heart, and conscience of every true American patriot? The voice of all the people of the United States proclaimed at Washington our national capital. Slavery has gone forever; all controversy as to the nature of this government, whether a compact between the States or an indissoluble union are now purely academic; the States have equal rights in the union, no rights out of the union. The war has so decreed; and we of the South accept and submit.

But is it and should it be on one side a sullen submission and on the other, idle boasting? Can we not look forward to a free acceptance of the mind on the part of the South and a glad co-operation of both North and South in the splendid progress of our common country? Yes, I answer, we have it largely now and we shall, I believe, come to have it wholly; and here Gen. Lee helps us of the North and South. When Col. Robert Lee measured as no other man the force of these two ideals in his own mind, when the question before him was, shall I accept the commission of the army of the United States of shall I resign that army and offer my services to my State, when he deliberately made choice, offered the sacrific and submitted to Virginia, such action by such a man lifts the controversy into the high atmosphere where I have tried to place and keep it; such action thrills the South with the consciousness of right; such action makes the serious, thoughtful men of the North pause before they call Lee and his fellowa traitors. Ye, who look for hearty and entire reconciliation between the sections of our beloved country consider these striking facts. On the one side, we hear "The Outlook," an exponent of the best Northern sentiment, declaring that before the war these two ideals of patriotism were equally allowable and stating that, therefore, Lee was as true a patriot as Scott, each following the ideal which seemed to him to be right. We read again, I think from Hamilton Mabie, that he and other wise and good Northern men are ready to admit that theoretically the South was right in her main contention, that logically and historically the constitution was a compact between sovereign States with a theoretical, political right to secede. So they and the growing number who think like them have respect and admiration for the men who so valiantly maintained their rights. On the other side, a large and growing number of the Southern leaders to-day admit that this theoretic, political right of secession ought never to be carried into practice for it would destroy the union of the States; they confess that is better for us that we did not win our independence; they frankly assert that it is better far for the whole people that slavery has been abolished and that the United States is one great free country under one just and stable government. Therefore, we have respect for the political sagacity which understood the signs of the times and preferred, in political questions, practical good to theoretical rights, and we have admiration for the men who pursued this object to a successful end in the face of misunderstanding, disaster and suffering, so we can be willing friends without capitulation of our highest on either side; so we can look forward to harmony, based on respect; so we can expect fast and friendly progress with so many interests so many memories, so many hopes in common.

Was then the bloody, costly Civil War a useless sacrifice? Did God leave his throne when the war bared its brand for its fearsome work? I think not, my friends. The people of the North and South misunderstood each other; were estranged by differences in ideals, differences in political, commerical and social conditions. The war settled these differences as only war can. The blood and agony of war was needed to fuse them into one people. We are to-day more entirely one people than we were before the war, and I look forward to a closer union and a deeper friendship. To our common country this settlement of the long, vexed question this more hearty and more perfect union is worth the war. The respect of the outside world for the people who could fight each other so fiercely and then come together again so quickly to one government on the basis of equal liberty and justice; the respect of the soldiers of one army for the other; the respect for ourselves won by our deeds of heroic bravery and constancy, these are almost worth the terrible ordeal and loss of war. Lastly and especially for us the vanquished the combination of genius and character developed by our Southern soldiers will well nigh balance by their splendid example to our Southern boys. The terrible suffering and the bitter defeat of that awful war! Is it not worth almost a war to develop and manifest to ourselves and to the world such a character as Robert Edward Lee?

Let me give you an incident and an illustration, which has not yet, I think, been seen in print. It was repeated to me in Richmond from an informal address of Dr. Hatcher to a minister's conference. At the time of the surrender of General Lee, he was living in Manchester, just across the river from Richmond. About the 10th or 11th of April he was called from his study by the sound of music and marching. He stepped to the door, and saw a Division of Grant's victorious army moving towards Richmond. There rode the Major General with his brilliant staff, preceded by the band playing its triumphant music, followed the whole long day by dense masses of artillery, cavalry and infantry. "I could not but be impressed," said the doctor, "despite of my sorrow, at the pomp and power of this great army; what a splendid spectacle!" The day after, he was busy in his garden near the main street of the village, when his ears caught the jingle of spurs and the tread of a horse. He looked up, and there rode one man—a few officers followed some fifty yards behind. "I was attracted at once," said Dr. Hatcher, "by the man and his bearing: tall, straight, majestic, a quiet dignity, a reserved strength, which awed me. The street began to stir, the noise increased; hats went off; hurrah! for General Lee! Then I recognized who it was. He was the defeated general, who but a day or two before had surrendered his whole army. Can it be? No defeat in that face! He is the conquerer of himself and of circumstances. And then I said to myself, how much grander and nobler this than the spectacle of yesterday, how far beyond material gain or loss, how beautiful and eternal is a God-like man?"

Ah, yes, my friends, the victorious army marching that day into Richmond has gone; I know not the general at its head. Richmond has risen from her ashes more queenly than ever; the South is coming back to its full share in the wealth and power of our magnificent country. The scars of war are growing fainter and fainter in the rush of the new blood of our advancing people; but that stately figure, that one man stands there today clear cut before us; and there he will forever stand. He will stand as our leader in war, our model in peace; he will stand as the best exponent of the genius and character of our Southern people; he will stand as a useful and inspiring example to the young men of our land, showing them what a man may do and be who forgets himself, who obeys his conscience, who loves his country, who trusts in his God.

After the exercises, Capt. Metts sang with his accustomed vigor, "I'm a Jolly Old Reb," the audience joined in "Carolina" and was dismissed with a word of prayer.

Following the exercises the Daughters of the Confederacy served an elegant lunch to the veterans and military on the second floor of the City Hall building.

RICHMOND HONORS GEN. LEE.

Great Confederate Chieftain's Grandson Was Orator of Day.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 19.—"Lee-Jackson Day" was observed here by the closing of the State, and city offices, the banks, the courts and the public schools, and by the adjournment of the State Senate, over the day. The House of Delegates did not adjourn. In the afternoon, the Richmond Howitzers fired a salute of nineteen guns at the Lee Monument, in the western end of the city. This evening Lee Camp Confederate Veterans, held exercises in its hall on account of the day, the orator of the occasion being Col. Robert E. Lee, a member of the House of Delegates, and a grand-son of the famous General Robert E. Lee.

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8c Apron Gingham, this sale 5c

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One Yard Wide, Black, Guaranteed Taffetta Silk; January Clearance 88c

25 Rolls of 5c size Toilet Paper for 95c

Women's $1.50 Black Mercerized Petticoats; January Clearance ....97c ONLY ONE TO A CUSTOMER.

12-4 $1.50 White Blankets; January Clearance 52c

Women's 50c Steel Rod Umbrellas; January Clearance 25c

Women's and Misses' 65c., 75c and $1.00, Newest Felt Shapes; January Clearance 25c

Men's 50c White Unlaundered Shirts; January Clearance 33c

$3.50 and $4 Crawford Shoes; Fall, 1905, Styles; January Clearance $3.00

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